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Electric Co.
33 FORT STREET.
Phone 128.
P. O. Box 184.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Victoria Daily Times.

2 O'CLOCK EDITION.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1902.

Truscott Vapor
Launches
NESBITT ELECTRIC
CO. Agents, 33 Fort Street

NO. 104.

Sterling Silverware

Patterns New and Varied.

Nothing is more handsome, more effective, nor more practical and lasting than sterling silver. You will have a large field for choice among

OUR BEAUTIFUL COLLECTION

Art goes with the utility and modest prices. They who seek to fill all considerations have here an unsurpassed opportunity.

Challoner & Mitchell,
Jewelers and Opticians 47-49 Government Street

SCHWEPPE'S Soda Water and Dry Ginger Ale

Hudson's Bay Stores

Saturday's Bargain.

B. & K. Rolled Oats

300 SACK

We Close All Day Monday, Labor Day

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

CASH GROCERS.

NEW WALLPAPERS

LATEST DESIGNS

Paper Hanging Done by First-Class Workmen.

J. W. MELLOR, CO., LIMITED, 78 FORT STREET.

POLICE CHIEF ROBBED.

Was on Spokane Street Car Held Up by Highwayman.

Spokane, Aug. 28.—Chief of Police Reddy was a passenger on a street car that was held up to-night by an audacious highwayman. The car, on the Astor street line, had stopped for a railroad crossing when a masked robber, with a revolver in each hand, stepped aboard and compelled the conductor to give up his cash. Then, brandishing his long gun, he commanded the passengers to contribute. Chief Reddy was unarmed, and said he was powerless. Twenty minutes before this occurrence another car in the same neighborhood was halted by a masked robber, but the motorman threw on the full current and the car ran by the thief. There were twenty-one passengers aboard, and to avoid possible bullets, all went to the floor.

WILL BE ARRESTED.

Yale Student Whose Automobile Killed D. T. Munroe Held Criminally Responsible.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 30.—Harry W. Dupuy, a wealthy Yale student, whose automobile recently ran over and killed D. Thorpe Munroe, has been declared by the official report of the coroner to be criminally responsible, says a New Haven dispatch to the press. Dupuy's arrest will follow, it is said, as soon as the accused man can be reached in his Pittsburgh home.
The formal finding of Coroner Mix was to the effect that Dupuy was violating the speed regulations and rules of the road at the time of the fatality, driving his machine in an "unobedient, careless, reckless and unlawful manner," and that in their wild state never slung.

NEW HAY
Half timothy and clover, most suitable for either cow or horse.
Best on the market.
SYLVESTER FEED CO.,
City Market.

KINGHAM & CO

TROUBLE ALLEY.

Good Washed Nut Coal, \$5.00 per ton. This is a good fuel for cook stoves.

TELEPHONE 647.

ANOTHER CARDINAL.

Archbishop Ireland It Is Expected Will Receive the Red Hat.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 30.—In view of the increase of the Catholics in the United States, the Pope has decided to create another American cardinal in order to re-establish equilibrium in the Sacred College, says a special from Rome to the World. It has been pointed out to him that whereas great Britain and Ireland with 4,000,000 Catholics have two representatives, and Australia with hardly 1,000,000 has a cardinal, 13,000,000 of American Catholics have only one, Cardinal Gibbons. It is considered certain that Archbishop Ireland will get the red hat.

—Weller Bros. have an assortment of Cecil Alden's Nursery Panels for wall or screen work. Anyone who has read of or seen any of Cecil Alden's works will appreciate the pictures we have to show. Weller Bros. (second floor).

MOST OF WHEAT HAS NOW BEEN CUT

THRESHING STARTS IN EARNEST NEXT WEEK

Crops in Springfield District the Largest on Record—Samples of Wheat Reach Ottawa.

(Associated Press.)
Winnipeg, Aug. 30.—When the sun sets to-night fully 80 per cent. of the crop of Manitoba will have been cut, according to the reports received by the grain men and railway officials in Winnipeg, and next week will see the beginning of the threshing season in dead earnest. The weather continues bright and warm. Cecil Jacques, a farmer of Queen's Valley, Springfield, came to the city yesterday with his binder for repairs and extensions in certain parts. He says that he started cutting with it eleven days ago; then the machine was in a good state of repair, but the grain was so heavy and long that the ordinary build of the binder would not handle it without breaking in some part or other. He finally decided to bring it to Winnipeg so that it could have the necessary extensions made for the heavy grain. The sheaves, as a rule, he says, are over six feet in length. Mr. Jacques says that the crop in the Springfield district this year is by far the largest they ever had. The Ogilvie Flour Mills Company received the first sample of threshed grain yesterday. It was from Oak Lake and of excellent quality, grading No. 1 hard. The samples came from the farm of Robert Muir.

H. L. Borden's Trip.
Halifax, Aug. 29.—R. L. Borden leaves on Monday on his trip to British Columbia. Twenty leading Liberal Conservatives will accompany him. These will include A. C. Bell, M.P., of New Glasgow, N. S.; either Mr. Hackett or Mr. Letourneau, of Prince Edward Island; and H. A. Powell, ex-M.P. for Westmoreland, N. B. Quebec will be represented by F. D. Monk, M.P., and three others. From Ontario there will be E. E. Clarke, M. P., Toronto; James Cleaver, M. P., Bothwell; Dr. Spence, M. P., East Grey; W. H. Bennett, M. P., Simcoe; R. Blain, M. P., Peel, N. B.; W. B. Northrup, M. P., West Hastings. The first meeting will be held in Victoria on September 8th.

FRENCH-CANADIAN LINE.
Proposed Syndicate of Frenchmen and Englishmen—Ships to Sail Under Both Flags.

(Associated Press.)
Toronto, Aug. 30.—The Evening Telegram's London correspondent says: "The Daily News says to-day: 'Laurel's tour through France is a somewhat hazardous enterprise from the point of view of Canadian politics, yet Sir Wilfrid has displayed such wisdom in his recent speeches have clearly shown that he has managed to be polite to the mayor of Lille without offending Mr. Chamberlain.'"

"It is thought here that more stringent regulations regarding the permitting of European immigrants to land in Canada should be made, as many immigrants, miserable and physically weak, have during the past month shipped to Canada. 'Telegraphing to the Standard from Paris, its correspondent says the proposal regarding the French-Canadian line, is that a syndicate of Frenchmen and Englishmen may be formed and that each should own two steamships, which would sail respectively under the British and French flags, the British steamers to get the Canadian subsidy and the French to earn the navigation premiums which France accords her shipping. A promoter of the Liverpool firm, it is stated, is prepared to take up the British part of the line."

WILL TRANSFER CREW.

Decision Regarding Chinese Brought Over for the Steamer Korea, Now at San Francisco.

(Associated Press.)
San Francisco, Aug. 30.—Information has been received here that Acting United States Attorney-General Harry Hoyt has sent to the treasury department a decision holding that the Chinese crew of the steamer City of Peking, but afterwards transferred at Kobe, Japan, to the Oriental & Occidental Steamship Company's steamer Gaelic, could not lawfully transship on board the new Pacific mail steamship Korea in this port. This will be done, and the Korea will sail on her first trip to the Orient to-day.

SEAGWAY-JUNEAU CABLE.

Report That It Is Again in Working Order.

(Associated Press.)
Seattle, Aug. 30.—News has been received, via the steamer Cottage City, that the cable between Seagrave and Juneau is again in working order. Sergeant Bruck opened the cable for commercial dispatches on August 15th. The cable has given a great deal of trouble in the past, but it is said to be giving good service now, and little trouble is anticipated in the future. This does not have reference to the occasional lapses in service occurring on all cables from minor causes.

Instead of tramway cars Torquay desires a municipal motor-omnibus service.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.

August Returns Show Increase of \$320,970 Over Same Month Last Year.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, Aug. 30.—The customs revenue of the Dominion for the month of August, was \$3,326,454, an increase of \$320,970 over the same time last year. The revenue for the first month of the fiscal year is \$3,929,687, an increase of \$350,134 over the same time last year. The Federal Sugar Refining Company, of Canada, is the name of the new company incorporated in Canada. This is the company for which C. Spreckels, of New York, applied for incorporation, the capital is \$6,000,000 and the company can do business all over Canada.

CANNOT CHECK FLAMES.

Forest Fire Still Raging in Wooming—Much Timber Destroyed.

(Associated Press.)
Butte, Mont., Aug. 30.—Reports received here from Sheridan, Wyoming, say that the great forest fire in Crenshaw county is still raging. Special Land Agent Campin, who took a force of 150 men out to fight the fire, has returned. He declares that the flames are of gigantic proportions and his men could do little towards checking their progress. The fire has already burned over a territory of forty miles. As a result of the fire Campin says the fine timber tract of Lander valley will be destroyed.

ORDERED TO SHOOT.

Gen. Gobin Determined to Put a Stop to Lawlessness Among Striking Coal Miners.

(Associated Press.)
Philadelphia, Aug. 29.—Having exhausted every other means for preserving the peace and in protecting the non-union men from violence on their way to and from the mines, Brig-Gen. Gobin, in command of the troops now in the coal fields, tonight issued an order that the soldiers in the lives of the miners, in throwing stones or other missiles, and that if any mob resist the authority of the troops that they shall freely use their bayonets and bullets.

Paenher Creek has been in almost continual turmoil this week and the troops stationed there have had a difficult time in keeping the lives of the miners. To-night the situation in that valley has improved considerably, and it is hoped by the military authorities that the lawlessness and abusive language directed toward the soldiers will now cease. The other sections of the coal regions are comparatively quiet.

TRAPS CLOSE DOWN.

Alaska Packers' Association Big Concerns Have Suspended Operations For the Season.

The directors of the Alaska Packers' Association, controlling large salmon canneries at Fairhaven, Blaine, Selmaham, Anacortes and also at points in South-eastern Alaska, have closed down their establishments in Puget Sound waters for this season. The directors of the corporation have returned to San Francisco until next year. Their fishing steamer Viewport, Capt. Castillon, has gone out of commission. The vessel last week completed a three weeks' tour of the company's various plants.

So far as known none of the other canneries except those controlled by the Alaska Packers' Association, have quit business, although it will be but a short time until a general close-down occurs. The Seattle Times says: "This season has proved a disappointment to the canneries people. The pack, roughly speaking, is only about one-third of what it was last year in these waters. Elsewhere a shortage is also reported, but not, of course, to such an extent. On the Columbia and Fraser rivers in South-eastern Alaska waters the 'run' of fish was not much more than half of what it was the previous season. This has had the effect of stiffening the market to a remarkable degree, and prices have advanced all along the line. With a larger foreign demand the trade conditions are of the best."

"It has been this shortage which has induced the Washington authorities to financially back a company of Canadians for the purpose of establishing hatcheries on the Canadian side of the boundary line. The reason for this interest on the part of Washington people is alleged to be that the salmon hatched in and along the Fraser river, and those which supply the canneries and trade of Puget Sound when the runs of fish are on the way from the ocean to the mouth of that river."

"A year ago the fisheries inspector of the state of Washington submitted a proposal to the Canadian government that he be allowed to erect and maintain a hatchery for the propagation of fish on the Fraser, to be owned by the state of Washington and entirely controlled and operated by that commonwealth."

"The plan was rejected, it being claimed by influential canneries men that the Americans were simply trying to get a foothold on the British Columbia side of the boundary so that they might justly lay claim to trapped fish at the boundary itself, on the ground that they had helped in the culture of these same fish. This delayed the plans of the enterprising American hatchery."

"The only thing that remained possible under the Canadian laws was to form a company of Canadians to be supplied with funds from the fisheries department, to build and maintain hatcheries on the original plan. The Canadian government cannot interfere with the operation of a hatchery by a foreigner incorporated company, so the original idea of the Washington authorities, it is claimed, will be carried out without the Canadian government having anything to say about it."

The manufacture of sugar in Italy now utilizes for two-thirds of the national consumption.

TWO HUNDRED MEN KILLED OR WOUNDED

VENEZUELAN TROOPS ROUT REVOLUTIONISTS

Compelled to Retreat After Five Hours' Fighting—Trouble Brewing Between Colombia and Nicaragua.

(Associated Press.)
Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Aug. 29.—Advices of an official nature which have reached here from Caracas, Venezuela, are to the effect that a severe fight occurred yesterday between government forces and the advance guard of the revolutionary army under Gen. Matos. The revolutionists were commanded by Generals Zola and Vidal. They made an attempt to occupy the town of Taguay, but after a fight of five hours they abandoned the field to the government forces. Two hundred of the revolutionists were killed or wounded. President Canales is now at Cua, 25 miles from Caracas.

ATROCITIES REPORTED.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 29.—The German steamer Polaria, which arrived here to-day from Venezuela ports, last Friday, August 22nd, reports that while at Carupano, 700 rebels attacked the place, and got inside the town, where they were met by a thousand government troops under General Velutini. Severe fighting, lasting the whole day, followed and ended in the disorderly retreat of the rebels, several of the latter being killed or wounded.

Bullets repeatedly struck the steamer, and the lives of her crew being in danger, Capt. Hoff, her commander, communicated with Gen. Velutini and asked for protection. The general replied that the Polaria must clear out, as he had no right to be there. Her captain refused to leave the port, and telegraphed the German cruiser at Gazelle at La Guayra, asking for immediate protection. The Gazelle arrived at Carupano on Sunday morning, and protected the Polaria while the latter proceeded to take on cargo. This work was completed on Monday night, and the Polaria sailed under the protection of the German cruiser, which also left Carupano. The Venezuelan naval officials there were in fear of another and more serious attack on the place. Trade was completely crippled and many atrocities were reported.

Explanation Wanted.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Colombia will formally demand of Nicaragua an explanation in regard to the latter country's alleged participation in the revolution against the Colombian government, and back up her demand with the most formidable land and naval forces she can muster as soon as the present rebel activity on the Isthmus has been crushed. Information to this effect was received from authoritative source in Washington.

The above intelligence causes considerable surprise in diplomatic circles, for but a few weeks ago it was announced that Mr. Concha, the Colombian minister, had Mr. Coreia, the Nicaraguan minister, had established an entente cordiale between their respective governments. Shortly after Minister Coreia's arrival in Nicaragua, where he went some weeks ago on a leave of absence, the Colombian minister here, it is stated, received information to the effect that arms and ammunition for the Colombian rebels on the Isthmus were being shipped from Corinto. The Colombian legation here had been receiving reports of this character continually, and in view of the arrangement effected with the Nicaraguan minister before he left Washington, Senator Coreia lost no time in calling Mr. Coreia's attention to the matter.

The latter replied that President Zelaya would immediately institute an investigation to ascertain if the reports were well founded. A short time ago, however, more reports were received in Washington to the effect that Nicaragua still continued her material support of the revolutionists on the Isthmus, and Colombia, now, it is stated, finds her patience exhausted and decided to present a formal demand for an explanation. Meanwhile, it is understood, the entente cordiale has only a nominal existence. It is not anticipated that the affair will lead to an actual war with Nicaragua, but nevertheless Colombia is making preparations to back up her representations with a reinforced army and navy. It develops that the purchase of the well-armed war vessel at Seattle, and Colombia, now, it is stated, finds her patience exhausted and decided to present a formal demand for an explanation.

FOUND DROWNED.

Remains of a Strike Leader Taken From Shallow Pool.

(Associated Press.)
Elmira, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Caleb Jones, aged 57 years, the leader of the recent week's strike at the plant of the Empire Bridge Co., in this city was found drowned in a shallow pool in Brand park in this city to-night. He disappeared from home on Wednesday. He was president of the local bridge workers' union, and the failure of the strike he has conducted, it is said, has unbalanced his reason. Berlin now possesses 60,000 telephones.

REOPENING ENTERTAINMENT

Of Centennial Methodist Sunday School Last Evening—Sunday's Special Services.

A reopening entertainment of the Centennial Methodist Sunday school was held last evening. A first class programme of musical selections, both vocal and instrumental, was rendered and the large number present spent a thoroughly pleasant evening. The choir was occupied by Rev. Abraham E. Smith, United States consul, Rev. J. P. Westman, pastor of the church, and Noah Shakespeare, delivered interesting addresses, after which refreshments were served.

The improvements to the Sunday school give accommodation for all pupils. The room was inspected by members of the church last evening, and all made favorable comments on the improvement. Reopening services will be held to-morrow afternoon and evening. A general open meeting will be held in the school in the afternoon commencing at 2:30 p. m., to which parents and friends are invited, as well as others are invited. The children will give a number of appropriate songs and recitations on this occasion, while Rev. J. P. Westman, Noah Shakespeare, superintendent, and J. T. Drury will give brief addresses on school work. In the evening the pastor will speak on "The Christian Man," referring to the influence of Sunday school work. The musical programme for the evening follows:

Voluntary—Aria Leybach
Hymn—Duke Street
Anthem—I Was Glad When They Said
Unto Me Eddy
Hymn—Sawley
Voluntary—Ave Maria Woodward
Hymn—Guide
Quartet—The King of Love My Shepherd Is
Voluntary—Ave Maria
Hymn—The Pilgrim's Mission
Voluntary—March in D Wely

ISLANDER COMMISSION.

Captain Troup Cross-Examined This Morning.

The cross-examination of Capt. Troup, managing director of the C. P. N. Company, occupied most of the morning session of the Islander commission from Seattle.

Capt. Troup, in the course of his examination, said that he was not aware that Stevens Passage, in which the Islander was lost, required more than ordinary precaution for navigation. He had heard of an accident to the Danube in that passage in which a small hole had been knocked in the side of the steamer above the water line, and he believed that Capt. Foote was in charge at the time. That accident occurred before his connection with the C. P. N. company, and he could not be sure of the facts.

Cross-examined in regard to the object of the company in instituting proceedings in Seattle instead of in British Columbia, Capt. Troup replied that the course taken was recommended by the company's solicitors, Mr. Hart, for the day's session, then asked whether the reason of the company's action was not to avoid the law of British Columbia, but Capt. Troup was instructed by Mr. Hardin, for the petitioning company, not to reply, and accordingly refused to do so.

TO-MORROW'S CONCERT.

City Band Will Play Selection at Beacon Hill.

The usual Sunday afternoon band concert will be given at Beacon Hill to-morrow by the City band. A good programme has been arranged for the occasion, and the concert will commence sharp at 3 o'clock. The programme follows:

March—Through Battle to Victory, V. Blon
Overture—Baron de Hohenhausen, A. Holman
Idyll—Die Muehle im Walde Ellenberg
Ten Minutes.
Selection for comic opera The Serenade
Overture—The Merry Widow, Langley
Tramp, Tramp Hollinson
Medley—Popcorn, Rockery
Descriptive Fantasia—In the Clock Tower
Synopsis—The Merry Widow, Langley
about his work, whistling, while the various clock strikes run down, are wound up, etc., etc.
God Save the King.

A NEW FIVE-MASTER.

Forty Thousand Dollars Subscribed For Craft to Be Built at Crofton.

A member of the Times staff was informed by one of the syndicate contemplating the construction of a new marine railway at Crofton that the work on the new structure would be commenced in the near future. The enterprise, he stated, was being financed by Victorians. It was not intended that the yard should work an injury to others now established, but to cater to a class of business that is now coming this way, and that requires a very large facility for handling—larger than many now have. The member of the company referred to stated that not only were they setting in readiness to proceed with work in the matter of building the ways, but were also planning business to keep a force of mechanics constantly engaged at the proposed yard. A new five-master schooner was to be built, for which he stated \$40,000 had already been subscribed. This vessel will be of wooden construction and adapted for the coasting trade.

TRAINS COLLIDED.

Twenty-Three Persons Injured in a Railway Accident at Glasgow.

(Associated Press.)
Glasgow, Aug. 30.—Twenty-three persons were seriously injured this morning by a collision between two passenger trains. One of the trains was standing at the station and the other crashed into it, telescoping two carriages. Most of the injured sustained fractured limbs.

SHOOTING SEASON OPENS ON MONDAY

EXODUS FROM CITY ALREADY COMMENCED

Hunters Want to Be on Hand Early on First Day—Synopsis of Game Act.

The shooting season commences on Monday. The exodus from this city is already in progress, the purpose being to be on the hunting grounds when the first day dawns, to interrupt the stillness of the morning with the crack of their weapons, sounding the death knell of many an unhappy bird. Grouse, deer and waterfowl will expose themselves at their peril. Their terms of prescription will be on, and the tribute they will render unto the contingent of marksmen who take to the woods will be found in many a well-filled wallet at the close of the day. Everybody, of course, won't make a killing. A certain proportion of the fowls consist of those whose season's experience amounts to two or three days, Labor Day and Thanksgiving Day, for instance, and as far as they are concerned the birds are quite safe—in fact safer than their pursuers.

Just at this juncture there is none so reluctant as the experienced hunter. Diplomats with their noses hanging at their coat tails and all sorts of international coups up their sleeves are garrulous in comparison. The fowls who know the haunts of the festive blue grouse, the duck, etc., are not disposed to advertise the locality to the world or a very minute part of it. Fellowship among sportsmen may be exceptionally strong, but it will never go that far. Therefore the Times advises the tyro to follow his own bent and trust to luck. The farther he is from the maddening crowd the greater his chances of returning intact, even if he doesn't shoot anything.

The Times has already published a synopsis of the Game Act. In order, however, that its provisions may be generally known it is repeated below. It wouldn't be a bad idea for those hunters afflicted with defective memories to cut it out and paste it in their hats. This precaution might save the gutter snipe trouble and the hunter's memory a great deal of inconvenience which might ensue from a misapprehension of the act. It is as follows:

Open Seasons.

September 1st to December 14th—Duck, buck or doe; mountain goat, mountain sheep, goat.

September 1st to December 31st—Caribou; elk, wapiti (bull); grouse of all kinds, including prairie chickens; hare; moose (bull).

September 1st to February 28th—Bittern; duck, all kinds; heron, meadow lark; plover. November 2nd to March 31st—Beaver, land otter, marten.

It is unlawful to shoot or destroy at any time: Birds living on noxious insects; English blackbirds; caribou, cow or calf; caribou; deer, fawn under twelve months; elk, wapiti, cow or calf under two years; gull, hant; moose, cow, or calf under two years; mountain sheep, ewe or lamb; English partridge; pheasant, cock or hen, except as hereinafter provided; quail; all kinds of birds; and any other species in gardens between June 1st and Sept. 1st; skylark; thrush.

Prohibitions.

It is unlawful to buy, sell or expose for sale, show or advertise: Caribou, bull moose, mountain goat, mountain ram, before Oct. 1st; deer, before Sept. 1st; any of the above noted animals or birds at any time, except duck, blue grouse, heron and plover, during the open season.

Hunter's Limit.

It is unlawful to kill or take more than five caribou in one season; more than ten deer, or to hunt them with shot or to kill for hides alone; more than 250 ducks; more than two bull elk or wapiti; more than two bull moose; more than six mountain sheep; more than three mountain rams; or to take or destroy the eggs of protected birds at any time.

Other Restrictions.

It is unlawful to enter land enclosed by fence, water or natural boundary, after notice or a notice under Sec. 11 is posted up, for non-residents Indians to kill game at any time; to export or transport for export in the raw state, or in any other kind and animals protected except bear, beaver, marten and land otter; to use traps, nets, glue, drugged bait, etc., to catch game birds; to expose for sale any bird without its head or bird without its plumage; to use batteries, self-cocking or snare guns in non-tidal waters to take ducks or geese; to shoot any wild fowl in Vancouver and Victoria harbors; for unlicensed non-residents to trap or kill bear or beaver for their pelts; to kill any game bird between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise; to kill game birds or animals imported for acclimatization purposes; to buy or sell heads of mountain sheep; to take trout except by hook and line, or to use salmon lure as bait; to enter with hunting implements or permit dogs to enter fields of growing or standing grain or enclosed lands, without permission; for Indians to kill deer or fawns from Feb. 1st to Aug. 1st; to shoot or destroy game on Sundays without permission. But farmers or their authorized resident employees may kill deer, depending on their cultivated fields, and free miners may kill game for their own use any time.

The Lieutenant-Governor may, by proclamation, remove disabilities.

—You risk nothing when you purchase at Weller Bros. They offer value for your money and declare the goods to be exactly as represented. Their business is purely "House Furnishings" on a complete scale.

Monroe leather is tanned and soft. Gloves have been made of human skin. The cost of a special title is 75 cents. The best gloves are still made by hand. A tiger is physically stronger than a lion. Brazilian drillings have double needles. The opera house in Paris cost \$2,000,000.



Pure Drugs and Chemicals

For our Prescription Store. We are proud to be careful. We have the largest stock of toilet articles in the province, and would be pleased to have you call on us.

Try Our Petal Cream for the face and hands.

Campbell's Prescription Store

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS. VICTORIA.

THE TREATMENT OF LOW GRADE ORES

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

BY T. G. BLACKSTOCK

Experiments Are to Be Continued Near Roseland—New Steamers for the Upper Lakes Grain Route.

Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—Four first-class steamers will be put on the upper lake grain route by the Canadian Northern. The line will be in operation next month.

Returning Home.

The party of Eastern M. P.'s, who have been to the Pacific coast, are in the city on their way home. The party is composed of C. Hyman, M. P., for London, Ont.; Leighton McCarthy, M. P., for North Simcoe; M. K. Cowan, M. P., for South Essex; C. H. Parmelee, M. P., for Shefford; and J. C. Duffield, of London.

Low Grade Ores.

Toronto, Aug. 28.—Mr. T. G. Blackstock, of the Centre Star and the War Eagle, made an important statement tonight as to the future of the properties. New contracts for smelting have been made. "The whole cost of freight and treatment," he said, "has been reduced from \$6 to \$5 per ton on ores containing values to the amount of \$9.50, while on ores under this grade the charges have been reduced from \$6 to \$4. The mines are to deliver 12,000 net month of high grade, and from 6,000 to 12,000 of low grade ore. But the most important feature of the development is that the Greenham syndicate believes that the problem of treating the low-grade British Columbia ores of gold-copper is solved. There are ways of treating the low-grade ores by some process other than smelting. As a result of our experiments, we have secured a mill at Silica, on Sheen Creek, a few miles from Roseland, which we have reconstructed and enlarged to the capacity of about one hundred tons a day. It is intended not to use this mill for anything except experimental purposes, as a guide to us in erecting a larger mill of a capacity of 500 tons or more a day, which will we propose to erect next spring."

Salvation Army Home.

Toronto, Aug. 29.—The new Salvation Army training home on Queen street, on which work has been commenced, will cost about \$30,000.

Ex-Mayor Ill.

Ex-Mayor Ernest A. Macdonald is lying ill at 35 Greenville street in a semi-conscious state, and apparently on his death bed.

Former Alderman Dead.

Ex-Ald Farley, for many years a prominent figure in municipal life, died today.

Proceedings Abandoned.

Benharrois, Ont., Aug. 29.—Proceedings in the Dominion election court have been abandoned and Mr. Loye, the Liberal, retains his seat.

Sudden Death.

Bowmanville, Ont., Aug. 29.—Geo. Scott, painter, a resident of this section for half a century, has dropped dead at a friend's house from heart disease.

Lord Minto Returns.

OLIVIA, Aug. 29.—Lord Minto has returned to Ottawa after an absence of nearly three months.

IRISH LAND TRUST.

Dublin, Aug. 29.—At a meeting today of the Irish landowners, the Duke of Abercorn made a speech in which he voiced the approval of the idea of promoting a land trust. He predicted that such a trust would be valuable as a means of defeating the system of boycotting, blackmailing and conspiracy which the Duke says had arisen almost entirely because the Imperial government was blind to its growth and deaf to the warnings and protests of the Irish Loyalists.

CERTIFICATES REQUIRED.

Hamburg, Aug. 29.—According to the Boer Senhalla the Hamburg customs authorities will hereafter require certificates of origin in the case of grain dispatched from New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Buffalo, Newport, Cleveland, Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth, Montreal, Quebec, Portland, Toronto and Manitoba. Cargoes already afloat are exempt.

MISHAP TO LINER.

London, Aug. 29.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Fuerst Bismarck passed the Scilly islands this afternoon and signalled all well on board. The Fuerst Bismarck was passed on August 29th proceeding with one propeller, her starboard thrust shaft having broken at sea.

BRITISH STEEL COMBINE.

London, Aug. 30.—The Standard has learned that negotiations are in progress for the creation of a British steel combine on lines of the United States Steel Company, but have not yet reached a very definite stage.



Plumbing and Heating

Putting in Open Plumbing

In place of the old-fashioned plumbing that hid the germs of disease in what we are called upon continually now to do. We will put up your bathroom in the latest modern fittings in tub, wash basin, foot tub, or shower bath, at figures that will enable you to have this luxury at a reasonable cost.

A SHERET,

TEL. 629. 102 FORT ST.

FINAL CONCERT TO-NIGHT

At the Douglas Summer Gardens—Excellent Programme Prepared.

It is confidently expected that the last concert of the season in the Douglas gardens to-night will be well patronized as a sign of appreciation of the action of the Fifth Regiment band in providing such attractive entertainment during the summer evenings. It is a fact that the attendance at the gardens has been on the increase ever since the concert commenced, and the last few performances have been very largely patronized, although the evenings have become a little chilly for open air entertainments.

The programme to-night includes two "illustrated" songs by Frank Leroy, "For Old Time's Sake" and "Stay in Your Own Backyard," and Paderewski's "Mazurka" and "Polka." Other choice selections by the regimental band.

PART I.

March—Adapted Bridge Hall Overture—Morning, Noon and Night. Supper Request Number—Minuet Paderewski's "Mazurka" and "Polka" Bucational

Descriptive of a Fox Hunt. Synopsis: (a) Andantino, the morning hunters prepare for the pleasure of the chase. (b) Allegro, we jump on our saddles, our horses sound a merry blast. (c) The parties join and all sing the Huntsman's Chorus. (d) The Fox is seen. (e) The Fox is killed. (f) The Return Home.

PART II.

Frank Leroy, Singing Illustrated Songs. (a) For Old Time's Sake. (b) Stay in Your Own Backyard. (c) A Love Song—Rose of Killarney. (d) Singing Number—The Bore. (e) Marching By. (f) The Return Home. (g) The Great Vitrage. (h) The Battle Ship. (i) God Save the King.

THE POSTMASTER.

OLD GENTLEMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

A Very Interesting Personal Experience Which Contains Some Good Advice For Others Whose Lives May Be Threatened.

Lovett, Ont., Aug. 29.—(Special)—Every man, woman and child for miles around knows Mr. C. A. Harries, the genial postmaster at Lovett.

Mr. Harries is a hale old gentleman, 75 years of age, and considering his advanced years is remarkably well preserved, strong and healthy.

But he was not always so. Five or six years ago he was at the point of death, being fearfully run down and a complete wreck with Bright's Disease.

He was so low that no one ever dreamt that he could pull through, and yet he is alive and well to-day. This is a statement of the case in Mr. Harries' own words.

"In 1897 I was at the point of death with Bright's Disease, and was a complete wreck. I could not even dress myself or turn in my bed, but now I am a well man, and I attribute it all to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I am 75 years old, and for a man of my years I feel quite strong and healthy. I consider Dodd's Kidney Pills a good medicine to take in the spring, as I have found it a great blood purifier.

"As postmaster I come in contact with a great many people, and I know of my personal knowledge that a great many in this country are using Dodd's Kidney Pills with the best results.

Such evidence should be most convincing to any who may still doubt that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure Bright's Disease.

The honest, earnest, straightforward testimony of such reputable people certainly deserves the confidence of everyone.

If Dodd's Kidney Pills can do cure Bright's Disease, which is the very worst form of Kidney Trouble, they certainly will cure any of the lesser forms.

AUSTRALIA'S PREMIER.

Sir Edmund Barton and Party Have Arrived at Washington.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Sir Edmund Barton, prime minister of Australia, and Sir John Forrest, minister of defence of that federation, arrived here with a party to-night from New York. They will proceed from here to Canada via Niagara Falls.

W. E. HAGEN DEAD.

Was One of Most Noted Handwriting Experts in the United States.

New York, Aug. 29.—William E. Hagen, one of the most noted experts in handwriting in this country, is dead, says a special to the Times. Among the important suits in which Mr. Hagen was engaged were the Davis will case, the Molinex case, that of Dr. Kennedy, charged with the murder of Dolly Reynolds, and the Patrick case.

FATALLY BURNED.

Middletown, N. Y., Aug. 29.—In attempting to rescue his wife and two children from his burning house at Tuxedo, to-night, Henry Tomlin, a lineman for the Hudson River Telephone Company, was fatally burned. One of the children will die. The other child and Mrs. Tomlin were rescued.

RICH COPPER STRIKE.

William Wilson Tells of Discovery on White River—Outlook at Dawson.

Among the arrivals from the north by the steamer Cottage City was Wm. Wilson, a prominent mining man of Dawson. Mr. Wilson stated that a rich copper strike has been made on White river and that two parties of some 60 prospectors left for that country just before he came out. According to reports the ore is about 80 per cent, copper, almost pure, and there is a considerable quantity in sight. These rumors are borne out by the fact that a year or so ago Indians came from the same district with a specimen of ore which was practically pure copper. The route to the new strike is very difficult, necessitating a trip up the White river and a considerable journey by trail afterwards.

The close of the season is marked by the arrival of the shipmen of the Yukon to Dawson. From 80 to 75 per cent. of the goods are Canadian, and the most of the shipments are being made via St. Michael.

Referring to the mining outlook in the Yukon for the close season, Mr. Wilson said most of the miners intended going ahead with their work through the cold weather. On the whole, he added, there are as many inconveniences in placer mining in summer as in winter. Most of the miners have come to this conclusion, and work will be continued.

Indications are that the cold weather will commence earlier this year than last. Mr. Wilson is of the opinion that the Yukon will be frozen by the first week in November, slightly earlier than last year, when navigation was open until the 14th of that month. At present the water is high and navigation easy.

Speaking of the mining outlook generally, he stated that the richest properties were being worked out, and that the mining was rapidly replacing placer. There were still many claims which were paying under placer operations, but the lower the values obtained became the more hydraulic plants would be introduced. E. E. Adams, an enterprising mining man of Philadelphia, has banded a number of claims on Cheekchek between Discovery and G below Bonanza, and is now in the States making arrangements for importing a large hydraulic plant for working these claims.

In conclusion, Mr. Wilson said that a large number of prospectors and trappers were leaving for Pelly river to spend the winter fur hunting.

PERSONAL.

H. G. Norton, W. J. Holman and H. T. Humphrey, of Portland, Ore.; Mrs. Van Winter, of Seattle; E. Adams and C. Adams, M. D., of Omaha, Neb., and Crockett, Surrey, England, respectively; A. M. Harrow and Mrs. A. Harrow, of Chicago, Ill.; and J. Albert Dalton, of Sherbrooke, are among those staying at the Victoria hotel.

Chas. Wurtele, general agent of the Great Northern railway; Mr. Justice Drake, W. B. Sullivan, of the Sylvester Feed Co., and H. Dunnell, of the manual training school, were among the arrivals from Vancouver by the steamer Charnier last evening.

A. E. Pasqueth and J. C. Pasqueth, of New Mexico, are visiting the city for a few days. They say that country's crops are larger this year than ever before. The raising of pure bred horses is one of the interests. They are at the Dominion.

Bishop Ferris, Archbishop Scriven and V. Wolfson have gone East to attend the Anglican church synod at Montreal. Other British Columbia clergymen to attend are Rev. L. Norman, Tucker and Bishop Dargatzis.

Mrs. Edwin F. Partridge, of Redlands, Cal.; Miss H. H. Partridge, of Los Angeles; and Mrs. L. Partridge, of Los Angeles, arrived in the city yesterday, and are staying at the Driford.

Mrs. M. M. Meredith, of Washington, who has been spending a few days in the city, was joined by her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Meredith, and Miss Symons, of the Dominion hotel.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Vernon were: O. B. Heppner, of Wisconsin; E. J. Mitchell, of Fischer Creek; and A. G. Thomson and wife, of San Francisco.

A. G. Miller-Robertson, of Glasgow, Scotland, is spending a few days sight seeing here. He is making his headquarters at the Dominion hotel.

C. O. Chenail and M. J. Bryant, of Seattle, and W. J. Williams, of Vancouver, arrived at the Driford this morning.

H. A. Young and wife, of New Westminster, are spending their honeymoon in this city. They are guests at the Dominion hotel.

Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Giesy, of Portland, Ore., are visiting the city, and while here are staying at the Dominion hotel.

J. J. Cambridge and two members of the New Westminster Lacrosse Club are registered at the Victoria hotel.

Joseph Martin, M. P., came over last night from Vancouver. He is at the Vernon.

M. J. Conlin, proprietor of the Hotel Crofton, is at the Dominion hotel.

Eng. and at the Driford.

Geo. A. Walkem, of Vancouver, is at the Driford.

Quarantine was first established against infectious diseases in the tenth century.

St. Louis

A-B-C BEERS

The Highest Priced but the Best Quality.

Order from Turner Section & Co.

HEADMASTERS WERE HERE LAST NIGHT

THEY WERE UNABLE TO REMAIN TILL TO-DAY

But Spent a Very Pleasant Evening—Were Taken for Drive Around the City.

Several of the English headmasters who are now touring the West paid this city a brief visit last evening. They arrived on the Charnier and consisted of Rev. Dr. Fry, Berkhampton; Mrs. Fry, C. E. M. Fry, B. H. Fry, Dr. R. Scott, Farmer, and Stuart Garnett, Ninth Wrangler, Cambridge. They were met at the wharf by Mayor Hayward, Rev. Canon Bonland, Alexander Robinson, B. A., superintendent of education, and A. B. Fraser, sr., of the Tourist Association. As the visitors were unable to remain over until to-day, they were taken for a drive around the city, visiting various points of interest. After the drive they were entertained at supper at the Driford hotel, and a very pleasant evening was spent. Although their time was too limited to enable them to take in the manifold charms of the city, they were most favorably impressed, and expressed regret that circumstances prevented them from spending a longer time here. They returned to the Mainland on the Charnier this morning. Their literary has been somewhat dislocated by the fact that the Parisian, the steamship on which they were to cross the Atlantic for this side, was required for transport service, and they had to make the journey on a slower vessel, cutting off three days of their land trip in consequence. The provincial bureau of information, through W. H. Ellis, has posted departmental reports, maps and books, etc., about this province to the home address of each member of the party.

According to the News-Advertiser, the visitors as a result of their inspection of schools in this country, appeared to carry away the opinion that in British Columbia, and in Canada as a whole, too much was made of the system and not enough of the educator. The opinion was expressed that a principal of a school must be virtually an autocrat; to make use of the boys they must be under and trained by a man and not by a system. They expressed much admiration for the average Canadian, and his independent, self-reliant character, but contended that it was the natural conditions surrounding his life and not the education and training obtained at school that made him such. The object of the system and teaching seemed practical to a degree. The fact that "man may not live by bread alone" appeared to be lost sight of, and in the effort to impart practical knowledge into the student's brains, it appeared that possibly the moral and intellectual development was more or less neglected. The exclusion of Bible teaching, apart from doctrinal matters, is also regarded as a mistake by several of the visitors, some of whom pointed out that the Bible, as a branch of literature, and much of the very best literature that could be found.

Speaking generally of the result of his observation throughout the tour, one of the party remarked: "The country is undoubtedly full of natural resources, many of which are being well worked and developed, but the greatest resource of any country is its people, and it does not appear that in the educational system in force this is being developed as fully and advantageously as it might be."

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PICTURE PUZZLE.

Where is the duck and chicken we ordered?

FINE WINES

California Port and Sherry 50c per bottle

Niagara Native Wine (a perfect tonic) 25c

Armour's Star and Lipton's Finest Hams and Bacon, at

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

TELEPHONE 62. THE LEADING GROCERS.

WANTED. To buy for cash, 12 or 15 good milk cows. Apply Lewis Bros., 74 Yates street, or at ranch at Sanicanton, B. C.

WANTED. Salaried for grocery store; must have business experience. Hardness Clarke, 86 Douglas street.

WANTED. A smart and capable girl on sewing machine work, in a tent and awning factory; good wages and steady work to the right person. Apply, giving address, to F. A. Jones, Queen's hotel, city.

FOR SALE. A good milk cow; state price. Address "J. D.," Times Office.

MONKEY FOR SALE. Good size; full of tricks; quiet; used to children. For particulars apply at Fred's Curiosity Shop, 148 Yates street.

FOR SALE. One Gram-O-Phone in good condition, \$25. We have 120 records for sale at 30c each; trial given; this is your opportunity. S. B. Sutton, No. 32 Fort street, Victoria.

FOR SALE. Fine residence and 2 acres, on the Gorge, open to offer, and 2 acres, on 7th street, on Princess Ave., \$1,500; 4 roomed cottage, \$750 each. Princes Ave.; three cottages on Elbow street, \$1,500 each. The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd., successors to A. W. More & Co., Ltd., 25 Broad street.

FOR SALE. Shares in all B. C. mines; for quotations call at our office. Lots for sale in all parts of the city, and farms in all parts of the province. The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd., successors to A. W. More & Co., Ltd., 25 Broad street.

FOR SALE. At Eden's Junk Store, 125 Fort street, one all bed, sleeping bag, blankets, tents, etc.; also assorted junk.

Knox

Gelatine

Is Made From
Calves Stock OnlySOLD BY
ALL GROCERS.R. P. Rithet
& Co. Agents

CONDITION OF COAL MARKET.

Samuel M. Robins Declares Situation
to Be Grave Owing to Fuel Oil
Competition.

Samuel M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company, has returned to Nanaimo from San Francisco, where he has been investigating the conditions of the fuel oil and coal markets.

He told a Nanaimo Free Press representative that he will meet the Miners' Union again to discuss the situation. "There is no use denying," said he, "that fuel oil has made serious inroads on the coal trade. The situation is very grave." Mr. Robins said he found that there had been no exaggeration in the general newspaper reports of fuel oil supplanting coal. It was found to be a cheaper fuel and there was found to be less bother with it than with coal. Asked his opinion of Harrison's report of last week, in which it was suggested that a reduction of working expenses in the British Columbia mines would be necessary if coal was to hold its own against oil, Mr. Robins said he did not care to talk on any question affecting the relationship of the company with its employees. He would have another meeting with the executive of the Miners' Union and discuss all matters of that nature with them before talking for publication.

Mr. Robins does not believe that the actual life of the coal mining industry has been endangered. He says that there will always be a market for coal, but that there cannot be so much demand upon it as existed before fuel oil came prominently to the front.

BILIOUSNESS

A Very Unpleasant and Common Complaint and One Easily Cured.

When by any impairment in the action of the Liver or Digestive Organs the bile which the Liver secretes is backed up through the system the result is Biliousness with Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Sallow Complexion, Nausea or vomiting.

These conditions are often extremely dangerous and always distressing, and the very first symptom of Biliousness should be instantly treated till set right. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the most successful remedy in the treatment of such cases.

There is every reason why they should be for they have been compounded for this special purpose. In every box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will be found two kinds of tablets.

The large white tablets are digestive medicine which acts immediately on the food in the stomach digesting it every bit of it, animal and vegetable—without the assistance of the stomach itself, thus preventing the accumulation of matter in the bowels. This undigested food is very hard for the bowels to carry off and has an extremely injurious effect on the liver.

In a small envelope contained in every box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will be found a number of small brown tablets which are intended to be used when the Liver and Bowels are not working naturally and which should always be used with the larger white ones in cases of Biliousness.

These are the very best Liver Regulators and a few doses will soon relieve the worst cases. They are a gentle laxative, acting without purging or pain, and have never failed to give a satisfactory cure when used as directed.

SAVED HER CHILD.

The great majority of mothers are now convinced that Lactated Food is the safest and most nourishing for babies in summer time. Mrs. L. P. Smith, Truro, N. S., says:

"When my baby was three months old he was seriously ill and weighed only ten pounds. I gave him Lactated Food, and now, at the age of ten months, he is well and hearty and weighs twenty-five pounds." Lactated Food is recommended by over twenty thousand physicians.

The Anglo-Chinese commercial treaty will be signed to-day, the Chinese commissioners having received Imperial authority to do so.



The Dormant Beauty

Of your face can be brought to life and admiration by the use of our famous cream, the 'Dormant Beauty' cream, which will form the skin a soft, velvety appearance and cannot injure, as they contain no impure ingredients. Face Brushes, Massage Rollers, Skin Food, etc.

Dean & Hiscocks.

JEWELLERS AND DRUGGISTS
Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.DANUBE AND AMUR
LEAVE TO-NIGHTNEW SEALING GROUNDS
ARE NOT CREDITED

Work Is Being Hastily Pushed Forward on the Jessie Banning at Seattle.

There will be a couple of C. P. N. sailings this evening—the Amur for Skagway and the Danube for Northern British Columbia ports. The latter vessel came in from Vancouver this morning, where she delivered over 500 tons of wheat from Tacoma for transshipment on the Australian liner Forster, now receiving cargo at the Terminal City. On entering the harbor the ship touched bottom between the two beacons there located. There was an extreme low tide at the time (7 o'clock), and Capt. McCroskie, realizing that the ship was not in a very serious position, dropped anchor, placed a line on a pile near by and keeping the propeller going remained until the tide floated him clear an hour later. As it was a mud bank on which the steamer struck she is in no wise injured. When she first struck Capt. McCroskie sought to enlist the services of the Lorne, but not getting a line to her awaited the turn of the tide.

Among the passengers looked to leave on the steamer this evening are Mrs. E. Johnston, G. C. Johnston, Mr. Verrier, Mrs. B. B. Lee, and B. Lee. The named passenger debarks at Hardy Bay, and taking a ten-mile trail across the island and the fifteen-mile water course, will travel thence to Quatsino, where he, with others, will be employed in building the new tramway for the Yleka mine. The main portion of this line is to be a mile long, and is to have two small branch lines attached. On the 20th of next month a big force of men will be leaving here to participate in the construction work.

PROBABLY SEA LIONS.

Washington officials, it would appear, are at last beginning to believe that the story of the diminution of the seal herds of the Pacific is a very erroneous one, and that the little animals after many years of pursuit are simply following instincts of denizens of the forest in migrating to paths seldom frequented.

A Washington dispatch says: "The recently reported discovery by the captain of the revenue cutter Manning of a new seal rookery near the Aleutian Islands has just been brought to the attention of the state department, where it has been investigated. The report, if accurate, would be of the greatest importance, for it would go far toward sustaining the department's contention, that there has not really been any diminution of fur seals in Alaskan waters; that there are as many fur seals as ever in Behring sea, and that what has happened has simply been an abandonment by the fur seals of their old rookeries on the Pribilof Islands. The investigation of Henry W. Elliott, the fur seal expert of the government, have led the officials of the state department to the conclusion that the report of the captain of the Manning is erroneous. The place where these seals were reported to have been found was on the Bougainville Island, more than 600 miles distant from the Pribilof Islands. Mr. Elliott's conclusion is that what Capt. McLean, of the Manning, actually saw was a number of young sea lions, which are easily mistaken for seals."

CAPT. BASS DEAD.

Capt. Samuel Bass, a Pacific coast pioneer of 1859, and one of the best-known men in the coast, died at Whistler yesterday of typhoid fever after an illness which had confined him to his bed less than a week.

Captain Bass was born at Mount Holly, N. J., on July 24th, 1831, and was therefore over 71 years of age at the time of his death. He was sent to Mexico in 1856 by a mining and exploration company. Three years later he came to Oregon, settling near Salem. He remained there until 1885, when he removed to San Francisco. Two years' stay there was sufficient and he returned north in 1887, going to Whatcom as a deputy collector of customs under Quinby F. Brooks, where he remained, becoming possessed of some of the finest business property in the city.

RECORD BROKEN.

President Graves, of the White Pass & Yukon railway, has made the statement that at the end of the month of July the freight traffic returns of the road showed that there had been transported over the line up to that time 200 tons less freight than had been carried for the corresponding period last year. He further stated that the freight carried during the first two weeks of the present month had so increased the total, that all transportation records of last season had been broken.

THE JESSIE BANNING.

In another couple of weeks Moran Bros. will complete their repairs on the Jessie Banning, formerly the British steamship Cutch, the boat which the Colombian government officials are preparing as a battleship. The ship will then depart as soon as she can be gotten into

readiness for the scene of the trouble. Everything is being prepared at Moran's yards so that the guns which will form the Banning's armament can be shipped quickly and as readily placed into position. Port holes have been cut in her sides, the former deck house has been removed, and when the vessel finally takes the water she will be hardly recognizable.

Capt. Henry Marmaduke, graduate of the United States Naval Academy, veteran of the civil war, ex-officer of the Confederate States' navy and survivor of the memorable battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac, and recently a \$1,000 clerk in the war department at Washington, has arrived in Seattle to take command of the Banning. Captain Marmaduke, who served during the civil war on the famous Confederate ironclad Merrimac, has joined the—Colombian navy, and will sail for that Republic on the new war vessel as soon as she is launched. The Colombian government plans to attack the revolutionary fleet on the Pacific coast of Colombia about the middle of September. The Colombian government is negotiating for another war vessel.

MARINE NOTES.

When the steamer Amur reached Vancouver from Skagway yesterday morning, she had 115 passengers, nearly all of whom were bound for Seattle, and \$100,000 in gold dust. Had the steamer the accommodation for more passengers she could have carried one hundred additional miners, whom she had to leave behind at Skagway.

Not only will the incoming Empress of India carry a Hongkong military contingent on the voyage here, but she will also have one outward bound, the corvette contingent which passed through here en route to England a few months ago having reached Montreal on their return home.

British ship Trafalgar arrived at San Francisco yesterday after a hard voyage. When rounding the Horn she was caught in a severe storm, and had her rigging badly damaged, in addition to losing two of her boats.

LAND SETTLEMENT.

Meeting of Special Committee of Board of Trade and Voters' League.

The special committee appointed by the board of trade and the Voters' League met at the city hall last night and discussed the best method of securing the settlement of the arable lands of the province.

A. L. Belyea was voted to the chair, and those present were C. H. Lugin, C. F. Todd, F. W. Best, Jos. Peterson, W. Laughton and A. J. Morley.

About two hours were occupied in the discussion of the important subject before the meeting, and the following resolution was put and carried, after which the proceedings terminated:

"That this league respectfully requests the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to have an examination made of those districts in Vancouver Island and adjacent islands that have arable land which can be immediately utilized for settlement—that on the receipt of the report showing a considerable tract of land fit for agricultural purposes, that he will cause portions of such tracts to be surveyed, and that the lands so laid out shall be duly advertised in such countries as will be likely to furnish a desirable class of settlers who will take up land for agricultural purposes."

Further resolved that this committee be a delegation to present this resolution to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to discuss the same.

HOW TO READ HISTORY.

Perhaps the best way to read history is to take up the life of some great figure that attracts our imagination, and be drawn by that into the study of the general state upon which he was only a single actor. Certainly it is not a good plan to begin with these elaborate documentary histories in which you cannot see the wood for the trees. It is better to be wrong in a few of your facts, or even to construct a bias from some partial history, than to lose yourself in a mass of documents. The best histories are the vividest. If they occasionally lead you astray, you can always correct them by the more sober-colored chronicles. Macaulay may have been prejudiced, and so may Frothingham and Doubleday; yet, none the less, these are the great historians, the historians who set you upon the peaks of time and enable you to see history as it lies beneath, in wide views and broad masses.—Success.

FOOD SAVED HER.

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A food that will help the babies and the grown folks too is worth knowing of and keeping in the family.

A mother in Woonsocket, R. I., says, "I have been a user of Grape-Nuts Food for quite a long time but never thought of giving it to baby, until we had a dreadful time with her. She would not agree with her, and at seven months she weighed not quite 10 pounds. We were puzzled to know what to do when one day, Husband said, 'Do you ever try Grape-Nuts?' I thought she would throw up that food like she did the others, but to our great joy the softened food agreed with her perfectly."

She has been using it for about five months now and, at a year old, she weighs 14½ pounds, has eight teeth and her flesh and little body is as firm and round as can be. She walks from chair to chair.

Meeting the doctor the other day I said, 'What do you think of her?' He said, 'She don't look like the same baby.' 'What do you feed her?' I said, 'Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.' The proof of its value is perfectly clear. She is a wonder everyone says that saw her some months ago. I cannot praise Grape-Nuts enough. Please do not 'publish my name.' Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

HARBOR COMMITTEE
PASS RESOLUTIONSAT JOINT MEETING
HELD LAST EVENING

Dredging and Removal of Rocks Recommended—Largest Vessel Should Be Able to Enter Port.

The question of the improvement of Victoria harbor was discussed at length last evening at a joint meeting of committees appointed by the city council, the board of trade and the Voters' League. President McQuade occupied the chair, and there were present Ald. Vincent, F. Moberley, Capt. Cox, Ald. McCandless, R. Seabrook, F. Elworthy, R. Hall, M.P.P., and W. Laird.

Mr. Seabrook denied a public statement to the effect that wharfage rates at the outer wharf were excessive or that they had driven away ships to the Sound or the Fraser river. He said that salmon could be landed at the wharf for a charge of 25 cents per ton, which included one month's storage, if desired. A vessel of 1,500 tons would pay dockage at the rate of \$10.50 per day for the first 15 days; and after that half the rate.

Mr. Moberley then took up the subject before the meeting and moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Hall: "That this committee, composed as it is of representatives of the City Council, the Board of Trade and Voters' League, and accompanied by the second of the committee, the city in the Dominion parliament, shall wait on Col. Anderson, chief engineer of the marine and fishery department, on his arrival here, and impress on him that it is the unanimous wish of the citizens of Victoria that the Dominion government take steps to place our harbor in a proper condition to meet the requirements of our trade."

"That Col. Anderson be asked to urge the Dominion government to have an immediate survey made of the whole harbor, together with necessary soundings and borings on which to base a definite plan of permanent improvements and to prepare estimates for the same, and that the plans and report shall be ready before the next meeting of parliament."

"That our members urge the government on the completion of the above survey to adopt a policy of improvement for this harbor, and to systematically carry it out until its completion."

"That our members be requested to further urge on the Dominion government the importance of retaining the dredge King Edward here after the James Bay work is completed, to carry on further operations in the upper harbor, and that the material dredged there shall be used to fill in the flats bordering on that locality."

Ald. Vincent said that was a survey map of the harbor which showed the depth of the water every four feet. The maps would be brought down here as soon as the map boat was through, and the old dredge would dig a channel in the upper harbor for a marine railway, which was to be built. There was, however, little good doing much on the inner harbor until the reef of rocks was moved from the entrance. The best thing to be done at present was to keep on dredging and take out the smaller rocks as needed.

Capt. Cox said that the impression at Ottawa was that the outer wharf was sufficient for Victoria shipping, and that the agitation for moving the inner harbor was due to private owners of docks, who wanted to benefit thereby. He moved the following resolution:

"That your committee appointed to recommend such improvements as are necessary to put our harbor in safe navigable condition and to have it sufficiently commodious to accommodate all classes of shipping plying to and from Victoria city, would recommend as follows:

"1st. That the entrance to Victoria harbor be deepened to a depth of at least 18 feet at low water, to allow vessels of the heaviest draft to pass frequently at low water, and to leave at any state of tide, also on account of the bar across the harbor from Shoal point, forming a dam, preventing the silt from the harbor being carried by outflow of the tide to sea."

"2nd. The removal of Tuzo and Dredger rocks to a depth of 18 feet at low water, both of these rocks being obstructions to the safe navigation of our harbor."

"3rd. That the harbor be dredged from Point Ellice bridge to the mouth of the harbor to a depth of 18 feet at low water."

"4th. We would recommend that the dredging of the upper harbor and the removal of the Tuzo and Dredger rocks be the first work undertaken, the upper harbor to accommodate the sailing fleet of Victoria, who have their wharves and buildings situated there, and the removal of the rocks mentioned, on account of their being dangerous to shipping frequenting our port."

Both the above resolutions were carried and will be presented to the full joint committee for their approval to be submitted to Col. Anderson, Dominion chief engineer, on his arrival here.

TUNE FOR A FIGHT.

That "The Girl I Left Behind Me" is a more strenuous tune and after for army use than Siegfried's song of the sword is not to be mistaken. The marching life calls the soldier to shot, shell, and glory. "The Magic Flute," with all its magic, would move him not. The shout of the Valkyrie maidens may touch a warlike chord in the breasts of our more strenuous fighters, but they have thus far failed to inspire a troop of Amazon Rough Riders. A performance of "Die Walkure," of even the entire "Ring," likely, would not have an army into action (though it might have that effect), for grand opera music "appeals to the intellect and moves nobody." There is war and battle "lapped to the heart and bring tears to the eyes." We are told that Greek music writers first inspired a troop of Amazon Rough Riders. A performance of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," and secured the fidelity of the girl by the use of the Dedic mode. No doubt by skillfully combining these modes they killed two birds with one stone—a feat that the composer of the American classic hymn before action often we fear, came short of.—Harper's Weekly.

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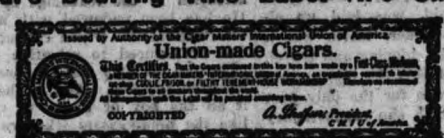
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FARMERS AND HUNTERS.

On the first day of September the
great army of hunters on Vancouver Is-
land will be mobilized as usual. A large
portion of the population will be under
arms. We hope the militant section will
remember that the experienced hunter
always looks upon his gun as a loaded
and dangerous instrument, and that he
does not fire at everything that moves,
under the impression that it is game.
Neither should the fact be
overlooked that this year important
amendments to the game laws have gone
into effect. It has been found necessary
to make more stringent regulations re-
garding trespass, or perhaps it would be
more correct to say commonly recognized
rights of property owners have been
made clearer. Hunters, we are afraid,
in many instances, have not been as care-
ful of the property upon which they en-
joyed the sport as they would have been
if they had stopped to consider they were
enjoying a privilege, not exercising a
right. The natural consequence followed.
Resentment and antagonism arose, fol-
lowed by a demand for restrictions
which would surely be resisted. While
this year sportsmen who take the liberty
of traversing enclosed property without
permission will do so at the risk of pro-
secution for trespass, we believe the gen-
eral spirit of the farmers will be found
to be expressed in the letter of Mr. Old-
field published in the Times yesterday.
One must go to the country to enjoy
genuine, old-time, hearty hospitality.
There are true spirits in the coun-
try, no doubt; but they are the excep-
tion, not the rule. Rural surroundings
are not favorable to the development of
narrow exclusiveness. Many a
devotee of the gun who goes forth to lay
out stores of health, which can be gain-
ed with such celerity in the woods and
the fields of Vancouver Island, rather
than to slaughter the wild things, can
twist to the truth of our remarks.
Many a ravenous appetite produced by a
tramp in the woods has been satisfied at
a table to which there could be no doubt
about the cordiality of the welcome. It
is a pity that there should be any reason
to fear a rupture of the cordial relation-
ship to which we allude. It is time for
a change, and we hope a wholesome re-
spect for property rights will produce
such a change.

SHIP PROPULSION.

A British newspaper says advantage
has been taken of the immense strides
made of late in the design and construc-
tion of water-tube boilers and steam tur-
bines, and the latest greyhound of the
Atlantic will accordingly be driven by
turbine engines fed by water tube boilers.
The fuel used will be oil,
storage for which is provided in the
double-bottom of the ship underneath
the boilers. The gentleman who has
the work in hand is said to be a thor-
oughly capable, practical man, a de-
signer in the employ of a firm which has
built some of the largest and fastest
ships now ploughing the Atlantic. He

claims it has been demonstrated that the
limit between economy and speed has
been passed under the present methods
of propulsion. The reciprocating en-
gines have been brought to the highest
point of efficiency, and there must either
be a recession in the matter of
speed along the whole line, after the
style of the White Star Company, or a
revolution in the system of developing
power. The success of the turbine in
fields bearing a close analogy to the
turning of propeller blades, such as the
driving of dynamos built on the same
shafts as the engines, has prepared the
way for the adoption of the new ma-
chine on a more extensive scale than has
hitherto been attempted. Engineers in
all parts of the world are now experi-
menting with the turbine. It was noted
in the Times a short time ago that the
Westinghouse Company of the United
States had entered into an arrangement
with Parsons, the inventor and reducer
to practical purposes of the new ma-
chine. One immediate result of this
connection has been the construction of
immense engines for the generation or
accumulation of electricity, which are
to replace the more cumbersome and less
efficient, though practically now, ma-
chinery of some of the largest electric
companies of New York. It economy of
space and operation be such a desirable
element in works on land, how much
more necessary in the costly ships which
plough the sea. But it would never do
to make experiments on vessels costing
millions of dollars. The performances
of a machine which it is proposed to
place in a million dollar ship must be
thoroughly understood. The turbine has
been tested in small ships and on short
voyages, and it has not failed. The time
has come for the final demonstra-
tion of its utility. The speed of the
first vessel this designer proposes to
build will not be less than thirty knots
an hour, more than six knots faster than
the swiftest liner afloat. This
without sacrifice of strength or stability.
This speed will shorten the Atlan-
tic passage by at least a full day, the
record being about five and a half days,
while it should be done easily in four
and a half. By taking the proposed
route of the Canadian fast Atlantic ser-
vice the greater part of another day can
be knocked off, enabling a busy man to
get from capital to capital in less than
four days. The steamer will be over 700
feet long—about the same length as the
Oceanic. To drive her at the stated
speed the huge installation of 80,000
horse-power will be necessary. This
is more than double the horse-
power in any existing or proposed At-
lantic greyhound. That of the Oceanic
is 28,000, and that of the Deutschland,
the Hamburg-American crack, 25,000.
In spite of this it is estimated a saving
of more than 50 per cent. in the weight
of machinery and boilers over the ordi-
nary type of liners can be effected. The
boat will be not only the fastest vessel
afloat, but the best.

The difference in the style of motion,
the entire elimination of the swiftly
shooting piston and the adoption of the
simple rotary gear, should also greatly
reduce the risk of accident to the costly
machinery. An accident to the Deutsch-
land illustrates the extent of the in-
fluence such untoward events have upon
the position of a company. This swift
steamer, it is said, was laid up al-
most the entire summer, which was a
very busy season in shipping and travel.
All the business of this the fastest ship
in the Atlantic trade for the only part
of the year in which she earns money
will therefore be lost. No wonder some
of the companies have declared their in-
tention of building no more fast ships
under the old conditions.

BRINGING THEM UP BY HAND.

The President of the Chicago Mothers'
Club has a well founded grievance. She
complains that few "real" mothers take
an active interest in the "work" of the
club, that they will not attend meetings,
and that there is but trifling encourage-
ment for the disinterested few who have
voluntarily undertaken to instruct par-
ents in the art of scientific "child-rear-
ing." There is a vague impression upon
our mind that once upon a time there
was an organization in Victoria which
nursed a grievance of a similar charac-
ter. This mothers would not come out
to listen to or read essays or enter upon
timely academic discussions upon the
rearing of the young of their own kind.
Perhaps they were too busy with
household cares to pay attention
to the wranglings of their intellec-
tual seniors. However, at the mo-
ment when the movement for the sci-
entific teaching of the theory of mother-
hood seemed in danger of collapsing be-
cause of the apathy of those who should
be interested in the subject, there arose
an oracle with the ability to command
attention. His theory is that the un-
married women and the young professors
are far more prolific of positive theories
about the discipline of youth than the
most experienced mother. These opinions
are further buttressed by Prof. Clark
of the University of Chicago, who says
most mothers are merely "inactive" in
their motherhood and are therefore in-
capable of giving to a child's character
the high impulses which spring from the
fertile mind of the "conscious" or "spe-
cially" educated motherhood.

In the midst of these "nature studies"
the relationship of the father to the son
seemed in imminent danger of being
overlooked. Then a Chicago woman
caught the "old man" by the coat collar
and held him up to view as the nat-
ural and effective agent for the sup-
pression of the undesirable in the hope
of the nation. This common sense won-
an scoffs at the theories of the advanced
school of home regulators and harks
back to old-time methods. She scorns

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lowest. Our forks and spoons
and table cutlery cannot be ex-
ceeded and we shall be pleased
to have you call and examine
the goods and note the prices.
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the advice of the scientists and tells her
sisters who have failed to modify the
"fiendish savagery of the boy" by sub-
tle and persuasive methods to appeal to
primitive system which has been tried
and proved in the past. Under this re-
gime it is necessary to call upon the man
to perform his part. "Invariably," the
old-fashioned woman affirms, "the boy
emerges from the woodshed regenerated
and tractable, and as long as his memory
of the seance is green he is a source of
pleasure and pride to the household."
Hence she concludes that the father has
a claim for recognition, if not as an edu-
cator at least as a repressive force.
Still, it is doubtful if a Father's Con-
gress would meet expectations by giv-
ing birth to any new philosophy of child
culture. The paternal theory is simple
and ancient and does not go further than
the belief that at stated periods the nor-
mal body accumulates a stock of appal-
ling devility which can be dissipated only
by a sound flogging, after which the
boy scares his mother by a display of
goodness which to her mind precludes an
early death.

The trouble with the father of the pre-
sent day lies in his unwillingness to pay
attention to the teachings of theorists.
He has been endowed with an instinct for
"regulation" which cannot be mod-
ified or reduced to scientific principles.
"He sees his duty and he does it" when
occasion requires. And in the midst of
it all the boy of to-day is very much
like the predecessors who are assuming
to guide his footsteps and repress the
undesirable and unlovely in him.

If the British Columbia government
were to adopt the suggestion of Mr.
Gregg, printed in last night's Times, and
appoint an agent at Winnipeg to induce
immigrants to come to this province, what
would it do for them after they got
here? The officials admit they know of
no land suitable for settlement that is
not held by private parties. In Mani-
toba and the Northwest Territories there
are millions of acres ready for the
plough, and the governments there will
assist settlers to secure lands and be-
gin the cultivation of the same. When
we have created such conditions in Brit-
ish Columbia we shall have abundance
of settlers.

Colonel Prior hesitates about taking
credit for the settlement of the labor
troubles at Fernie, but he says he
"must be a pretty good mascot anyway."
Well, we are not even sure about that.
We doubt whether any self-respecting
mascot (white or colored) would have
indited such an epistle as that sent to
Mr. Hawthornthwaite by the Minister
of Mines.

New Denver Lodge: Over in the Bow-
dary some tenderfoot told Colonel Prior
to keep out of the "Slocan," as it was
full of bad men. Being a colonel he
came along, and went through the en-
tire formation without anyone taking a
shot at him, although several dry pol-
ice-men were seen taking a "shot" with
him.

On Monday Labor in Canada and the
United States, in accordance with the
statutes, will celebrate its annual hol-
iday. Business on the strenuous half of
the continent will be generally suspended.
There will be no issue of the Times.

Egypt is the only country in the world
where there are more men than women.
The male sex in the dominion of the
Khedive exceeds the female by 100,000.

"Lest You Forget"
The Place to Buy
Good Groceries is
Deville, Sons & Co.,
Where You Can Get
"Good Value For
Money."
Hillside Ave., and First
St., Victoria.

WHEN PA TRIED MENTAL HEALING.
Alfred J. Waterhouse.
When Pa tried Mental Healing in the Fall
of '91,
He says: "At last I've found the art of
living evermore!"
And a moisture born of pity dimmed the
thoughts of his wife.
As he said: "Oh, wretched mortals, in
your ignorance to die!
When you might keep right on livin' in the
fact you once opined
That disease is but a phantom of the mor-
bid, restless mind."
Helleys' said my father, in a jubilant
awe:
"That the fact that Mind is Monarch is
the glorious truth I've seen!"
Then Pa read from the pages who the
Higher Law apply
That pain is but a notion that the Mind
has fooled us by.
There was "such things on Earth," and
he said: "I was lovely, too,
And a learned dissertation called "High
Thoughts," by Marie Dreyer.
There was "Sadie Sobba on Sorrow,"
"Heavenly Hurd on Heavenly Progress."
And some more that I've forgotten, but
they all were sweetly bound:
And Pa remarked to Sister Hilda, in ac-
cords even gay:
"I'm going to live for ever, for I've found
the Mental Way!"

"Oh, do not cry, my little son," said Pa,
"For here's the truth:
Your pain is only in your Mind; it is not
in your tooth."
Just set your Mind upon it, an' keep it set
right there.
An' you'll be surprised to notice that it is
not anywhere.
Don't tell me that your tooth does ache! I
guess I orto know!
An' quit that howlin' now at once, an' give
your Mind a row.
And then I went behind the barn until my
tears I slaked—
Perhaps my teeth wasn't aching, but I know
I thought it ached.
One day my Pa was pounding on a nail
against the wall,
And he sort of missed the target and hit
his thumb—that's all.
But the words my Pa then strowed around
they were a grief to me,
And I thought Pa best console him, for
his language was too free:
And so I says: "It doesn't hurt; it's only
in your Mind."
And if you'll give your Mind a show you'll
be surprised to find—
I never did get further, for he jerked me
out of pinnin' it.
And said: "Dern Mental Healin'! This
hurt is in my thumb!"

Since then my Pa's backlaidden, and he
groans and moans around,
And the like of Mental Healin' in the
attic may be found;
And he often says, emphatic: "A man's a
fool, I find,
Who heeds a broken thumb-nail as is
a phantom of the mind,
That cholera's a jest, an' that typhoid
is a sham.
They're plenty of such imbeciles, but drat
me if I am!"
And I kin o' argue, though in confi-
dence I speak,
That my Pa has good intentions, but his
mind is middlin' weak.

Thirty thousand Filipinos have been vac-
cinated by Americans.
Balloons make the best fire brigade men.

SPENCER'S.
STORE CLOSED MONDAY
New Styles Shown in Millinery To-Day
MEN'S BOOTS
\$5.00 Boots for \$3.50—Patent Leather Oxfords and Enameled Kid Shoes.
See windows for the lot.

TO-DAY--SUIT CASES
Leather Suit Cases, \$6.00 to \$14.75 each. A new lot opened up yesterday.
Men's and Boys' Clothing
At 7 o'clock to-night we will start selling a lot of Men's Tweed Suits, mostly dark
colors, and square cut, all sizes 36 to 44, usual price \$7.50; for \$3.75 a suit.
Men's Colored Shirts
\$1.00 Shirts for 50c. A good assortment to choose from to-day.
UNDERWEAR
We are now showing all weights for Fall in Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Girls'
Underwear.

A Bit of Information Worth Knowing
Bear this fact in mind, that satisfaction results from successful
and economic buying.
It is known to our numerous patrons, who have found it much to their advantage to purchase from us;
but there are a number of new residents in the city, and a number building comfortable properties of their
own, who do not know that
WEILER BROS.
FURNISH HOUSES
of all sizes from the ground floor to the attic. Their stocks are so large that you can furnish for almost any
price you like.
Departments
Furniture, Upholstering,
Bedding and Bedstead,
Carpets, Linoleum,
Oriental Rug Drapery,
Cutlery and Silverware,
Crookery and China,
Glassware, Woodenware,
Kitchen Utensil,
Wallpaper, Blanket and
Household Linen.
SEE OUR WINDOWS GET OUR PRICES
Making the Most Complete House-Furnishing Establishment in Western Canada

The Warman Entertainments
Benefit of the
**ALEXANDRA ROYAL COLLEGE OF
MUSIC AND ART.**
Institute Hall
8.15 P. M.
MONDAY, SEPT. 1st—"The Philosophy
of Expression" (continued).
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 3rd—"The Philo-
sophy of Expression" (concluded).
FRIDAY, SEPT. 5th—"Elocution and Or-
atory—True and False."
MONDAY, SEPT. 8th—Edgar Allan Poe
and "The Raven."
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 10th—"Readings,
Recitations, Impassioned."
Tickets for entire course, only \$1.50.
Single night, 50c. Can be obtained at Hil-
bert & Co.'s and Victoria Book & Station-
ery Co.
N. B.—Purchasers of the course ticket
may secure reserved seats (for entire
course) without extra charge, at Lombard's
Music Store, 95 Fort Street.

VICTORIA THEATRE
TWO NIGHTS, MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
SEPT. 1 AND 2.
The Tivoli Opera Company
—AND—
FERRIS HARTMAN
Monday, the Bostonians Big Success,
"THE BERNARDE."
Music by Victor Herbert. Book by Warrily
L. Smith.
Tuesday, the Operatic Novelty
"THE TOY MAKER."
Perfect productions direct from S. F.
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00. Seats on
sale at Victoria Book & Stationery Co.,
Friday.

**"Brands May Come and Brands May Go,
But I Go on for Ever." So says**
Brown's 4 Crown
Scotch Whisky.
Turner, Beeton & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Just Out of Public School
Six months at our college has qualified about seven hundred
young people who are now earning their own living. We have
placed with such firms as Kelly, Douglas & Co., and Green-
shields Co., Ltd., girls not 16 years old, as stenographers and
office assistants. Time is money.
The Vogel Commercial College
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Grocers.

**Edgar Wallace Writes of the Passing of
the Coronation Procession to
the Palace.**

Another carriage, this time with Lord Knollys, who some of the crowd recognize, a third crammed with celebrities. The Lord Chamberlain, Viscount Wolseley, Culme-Seymour of the elder service, and the Duke of Devonshire's eldest son, Robes is in the fourth coach. Then the principal staff to the Commander-in-Chief—Sherston and Goehen and the rest are names to the people on the sidewalk—but they cheer! One face in that string of officers is familiar to the returned war correspondents whose duties have been in the front line of the pression. Lieut.-Colonel Streetfield, best known as a fellow and most just of censors. Then the Volunteer officers, Sir Howard Vincent everybody knows, but strangely enough, do not recognize. Then the varied and beautiful uniforms of the Yeomany—peers of the realm all of them—the Miltos come four other members of the House of Lords. It is difficult to distinguish in the few seconds one can spare to survey them. Then—and the cheering grows in volume—the picturesque group of rights gathered to honor their overlord. Then the regular forces. Men you have read about from day to day in the South African war. You know them well. Alo and the Duke, Hamilton, Adams, V. C., Park, Elchee, the best and purple shadows of Spensbury are far away Spens, and quite unrecognized by any but the men who have fought with him, Plumer; then

September—Nivoll Opera Company—"McCarthy's Mishaps," James and Ward Co.
October—James Nelli Co. "King Dodo,"
"The Merry Widow,"
"Florodora," "Bonnie Briar Bush," West
Minstrels.
November—"Hunting for Hawkins," "A
Poor Relation," "Laverly's Minstrels."
December—Two Flags, "Where Acres," Over
the Top, "The Bill," "The Great Robbery."
December—"Hearts of Oak," "Lost
Cause," "The Lone Trotter," "Foxy
Quiller," "Hickety," "The Prince of
Deceit," "The Telephone Girl,"
"The Merry Widow," "The Merry
Ghosts," "The Hostess," "Captain
Jinks," "Henry Barfoot," "The Tyranny
of Love," "The Merry Widow," "The
Ascent," "My Fardner," "My Antelope
Hearts," "Whitney Opera Co. "Human
Hearts."
February—Mrs. Bruce, "Lord & Strath-
more," Murray and Mack, "Dan Sully,"
"The Merry Widow,"
March—Charles B. Hanford, "Levers"
Lancaster.
April—"A Runaway Match," "Rose Coghan-
lan," "When Kitching Was in Flower,"
"At Finley Hidge," "Our New
Minstrel."

The Tirola Opera Company, which appeared at the Victoria on Monday and Tuesday next, it is said, was the first to present "the Serenade" outside of the original people, and it made a tremendous furore in San Francisco on its production last February. The highest praise was given both opera and production, and it packed the theatre for six weeks. The "Serenade" is one of the finest ever written in this country, being the joint work of Harry B. Smith and Victor Herbert, the authors of "Robin Hood," "The Fortune Teller," and other famous comic opera. The Tirola Company has been strengthened by the addition of the artist, Hartman, as again at the head, and the postmen, Arnie Myers, Bertha Davis, Annie Cunningham, Edward Webb, Joseph Fogarty and other well known artists. Frances Graham, a contralto without a superior in this country, has been especially engaged. With this fine company, showing in the talented singers of the Tirola Company should meet with success wherever it goes.

The Royal Italian band and their new leader, Chevalier Rivela, have after one week at Lake Harriet found and released their public beyond measure. Chevalier Rivela has been in the face of chilly, wet and otherwise untoward weather. They have drawn constantly growing audiences to the lake and made up very largely of those who love good music well played and are willing to make a pretty trolley journey of an afternoon or evening, for the purpose of listening to the lake. There is the seen and the unseen. There is the seen, the moon, the moon in some of her most entrancing moods, with the moon silencing her ripples and the wealth of green that abounds on her shores. But of course the music has been the principal magnet. Rivela, who pleased his king as well that he received the rare and honorable title of Chevalier, has been in his mastery over his band in such fashion as to convince those who have been watching him critically that he has both the temperament and the skill necessary for a leader. When it is remembered that he only recently assumed the baton, the crispness and precision with which he has led his band is all the more noteworthy. The phrasing with which he makes the music speak are little short of remarkable.^v

"It was a typical Mansfield night. As the actor's press agent would say, 'The audience was typically Mansfieldian, except that it was not half as large as usual.' The conduct of the stage 'Beauire' was typical of himself. To use the words of a leading member of the company, 'the tour with Mansfield this season has been a continual living hell.' But his clever portrayal of the French barber, his black trail of additional farcical faces, those the conductor has he blamed a trait of misery and anguish with his ladder-like tongue, the poisonous sting of which has penetrated minds and hearts of all members of his company and hundreds of others who

Madame Alhambra, talking to an interviewer lately, said: "A reputation made in London is one made for ever; in other countries they soon tire of a favorite, but in England you can keep on singing as long as you have a voice." On being asked "Should great artists ever sing for charity?" she replied, "In England, yes, they should sing often for charity, because no country in the world is so kind to its artists as England." Madame Alhambra is very superstitious, and when dressed for her first appearance at Covent Garden she was agitated with excitement and apprehension, when a huge black cat came into her dressing room and she had not time to get up from the chair. At the moment, One would not believe that a number of black cats have followed her from place to place, and she would be quite unhappy if one was not in the house all the time.

Neill Burgess and his company will open in "The County Fair" in Denver, Col., the latter part of this month.

Marie George, who is to be Jerome Sykes's leading woman, will arrive at Boston next week from her trip abroad.

Jaune Onker has secured the English rights to "Pudd'nhead Wilson" and may produce the play there the coming season.

Elisa Ryan, who had a good part in "Kinky Dodo," is going to star in a new comedy of western life, entitled "Nevada."

Vaughan Glaser, who has played leads with Eugenia Blnir, is to be the chief support of Mrs. Patrick Campbell next season.

Henrietta Crosman has bound herself by contract to produce a comedy with the title "Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary," within a year.

Mary Emerson, once leading woman of Louis James, is to be starred next season in a play to be written for her by Joseph Le Brandt.

Minnie Palmer is to appear in England as "Nell Gwynne" in a specially constructed play written around that clever little comedienne.

Florence Reed, the only daughter of the late Roland Reed, will be a member of the Proctor Stock Company, of Boston, the coming season.

W. E. Bonney, last year with Viola Allen in "The Palace of the King," has been engaged to play the part of Fred C. Whitney in a lawsuit on his hands to prevent him from using "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" as the title of his new theatrical production.

Clara Blandick, who was with E. H. Sothern last season, has been engaged by the Liebler company for the role of Glory Quale in "The Christian" this season.

A one act play with the title "Swords and Tea," written around Peg Woffington, by Ethel Knight Mollison, will be presented in the Proctor houses this season.

George Fuller Golden made his first appearance in a New York house since the "White Rats" strike over a year ago, appearing at Tony Pastor's and making a hit.

Charles Frohman has ordered Margaret Anglin east from San Francisco for rehearsals, and Henry Miller will have to get another leading lady for his Pacific coast season.

The old New England comedy, "Two Sisters," will be revived next season for road purposes by Managers Hickey and Warrington. A strong company is now being signed.

Nearly every actress has a hobby. Lillian Russell, automobilizing; Helen Grantley, ping pong; Maude Adams, her library; Viola Allen, horseback riding, and Annie Russell, painting.

Ocella Loftus will return to New York before the month is out to take up rehearsals with Mr. Sothern, with whom she has a two years' contract to play in "If I Were King" and "Hamlet."

George All, the bear impersonator, has been signed by George Lederer to continue with "The Wild Rose" for the next two seasons. Mr. All is one of the only two animal impersonators in this country.

Boyd Putnam, Maude Granger, Harry Burkhardt, Nancy Paget, Frank Roberts, Walter Crosby and Janet Northern have been engaged for the support of Miss Perce Haswell in "A Royal Fama-

"A Parisian Romance," the play in which Richard Mansfield made his biggest hit, is being presented in New York by the Proctor stock company. Addison Pitt assumed the Mansfield role and scored well.

It is more than possible that Charles Frohman will revive "Sue" this season, with a very strong cast. This is the piece in which Annie Russell made such a big hit some years ago in this country and England.

R. A. Barnett, who wrote "1492" has just completed a new musical comedy called "Baron Humbug." It will be presented in Boston by the Bank Officers' association of that city and then be turned over to the professionals.

A Yokohama dispatch says a protocol providing for the arbitration of the house tax, which has caused so much trouble, has been signed at Tokio.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st.

Tickets--Adults, \$1.50; Children Under 12, 75c.

Trains leave E. & N. Station at 8 and 9 a. m., returning leave Nanaimo at 6 30 and 8 p. m.

The 8 a. m. train, being a through special, will not stop at intermediate stations.

Wm. Smith, Queenaville, Ont., wrote me the other day—I have been troubled for twenty-five years with rheumatic fever. Three months prior to getting your Electric Belt I was unable to feed myself. I am very grateful to be able to report to you that I am free from all those pains. Anyone will not make any mistake in purchasing one of your Belts. If they will be guided by your advice they will certainly be cured. You are at liberty to refer anyone to me. I used a Belt of another make, and it blistered me so that I was unable to wear it, but your cushion electrode is a great improvement. I thank you kindly for what you have done for me.

You may doubt my ability to cure you—and if you have tried other remedies which promised as much as mine, and failed, I cannot blame you. You made a mistake, that's all; you resorted to the wrong means of cure at the beginning. You probably knew of no other remedy than drugs; did not know that drugs are good for some cases—mostly fevers and acute diseases—but not for nervous and organic troubles, which are generally of the chronic or “come and go” kind.

I fail to convince some people because they will not use their own intelligence. I don't ask you to take my word only. I give you references to people who were as you are to-day, and are cured. I also explain how you will be cured—give you tests of the means of cure. Then you see how the cure is made it will appeal to your common sense. There is no mystery about it, it like there is about drug prescriptions in a dead language to cover up what is being done. You will see how you will be cured, just as I know. You will regain your confidence because you will understand the matter as well as I do. Then, after you are cured, you will tell others to quit drug treatment and use Nature's Remedy—Electricity. You will say like

J. V. COOK, 702 KEEFER ST., VANCOUVER, B. C., WRITES: I had rheumatism for twenty years, and lame back for ten years. I could not remain in bed more than three hours, when I got to get up with a pain in my back. I could not sleep ten hours and have no pain, the rheumatism has gone altogether. I would have been a poor Belt for any amount of money.

HENRY GAIN, VANCOUVER, B. C., SAYS: I am thoroughly convinced that your Belt is the only thing that has cured me of my rheumatism. I have been using the Belt for twelve years. I am a different man entirely. I have suffered weakness in my back for twelve years. I have been unable to do any work, and think it is only your claim it to be.

FRANK LITTLE, PINE CREEK, B. C., WRITES: The pain in my back has gone, and the palpitation of the heart is gone. I feel like a new man.

Now, what my Belt does for Lame Backs and Rheumatism it does for Weak Men and Women, and all who are afflicted with nervous and muscular diseases, or Stomach, Kidney and Bowel Troubles. It renews the vigor of youth in Weak Men and Women until they feel it dancing through the veins and in every organ of the body. I can give you proof of all this if you will call and see me, or if you can't call cut this ad. out and send it to me and I will send you my beautifully illustrated 80-page book for men (I have one for women, too), free and sealed. Don't delay. It will save you money and pain and weakness.

FREE BOOK

My new illustrated book tells about my Belts and how it cures the weakness of men and women. It is worth reading. I will send it closely sealed, free, upon request. Call, if possible, and I will explain my Belt and what it will do. I will give a free test to every seeker of proof of what my Belt does. Call if possible and I will explain my method thoroughly to you. Consultation free.

DR. M. E. McLAUGHLIN, 106 Columbia St., Seattle, Wash.

MOST ANCIENT OF CROWNS.

Among the crowns preserving the ancient form more than any others now worn is the so-called iron crown of Lombardy, which is the most treasured national possession of the Italian kingdom. It is of golden "plaques," or panels rather longer than they are high, but small in size, so as not to rise above the top of the head. They form, indeed, only

a jointed band of foliaged, embossed relief-work, and one narrow wire of iron binds them together in the inside—this wire having the repute of being hammered out from one of the nails of our Saviour's cross. It was the enlargement

of these panels in other crowns which led to the cross-band or "closure" of the crown. Look at the German crown and the Austrian, both adaptations of that of the old emperors of the "Holy Roman

CITY CHURCHES AND THEIR PASTORS.

NO. XII.—CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH.

One of the youngest but by no means the least notable of city pastors is Rev. J. F. Vichert, of the Calvary Baptist church, who has held his position here for nearly three years, and has earned the respect and affection of his congregation.

Mr. Vichert was born in Princeton, near Woodstock, Ontario, in 1874, his father being a merchant of that place, as well as reeve and justice of the peace. He was educated in the public school, and later in the Woodstock College, from which he graduated in 1891, when he was 17 years of age. He carried off the prize for the best public speaker, and also the Hiram Calvin scholarship, of \$50, for the ministerial student making the best all-round standing during the last two years of his studies.

Mr. Vichert graduated from the McMaster University, of Toronto, in 1897 and took his M. A. degree in the following year. During his student days he had some experience in ministerial work, having charge of a church in Brooklyn. On leaving the university, Mr. Vichert was given the pastorate of the Baptist church in Rapid City, Manitoba, where he remained for 18 months. During that time Mr. Vichert had paid a visit to Victoria and had been much taken with the capital of British Columbia, and gladly accepted the pastorate of the Calvary Baptist Church here, and took up his present work in September, 1899.

During his pastorate in Rapid City, Mr. Vichert married Miss Wallace, of Flatford, Ontario.

The Calvary Baptist church has a membership of 325, and on Sunday evenings the church is always well filled. There are two missions attached to the church, one at Victoria West and the other in the Burnside district, in both of which places Sunday schools are conducted. There are also senior and junior Young People's Unions, the Mis-



REV. J. F. VICHERT, M.A.

soners drowned last Saturday morning in the Josie mine.

A report comes from St. Paul, Minn., that American capitalists, after reaching an understanding with the Great Northern railroad, have decided to erect a thousand-ton custom smelting plant in the Kettle river valley in the vicinity of Grand Forks. It is said that a metallurgical expert is now in the Boundary district gathering the necessary data respecting the character of the ores of the various camps. It is believed that an effort will be made to secure the total tonnage of the Boundary district, and the smelting plant at Phoenix. The promoters will also bid for the treatment of the ores of the Republic camp, as they flux admirably with the sulphide ores of the Boundary.

Business Change Sale.

Boys' Suits and Blouses, Half-Price for cash. Boys' Bathing Trunks, 5c pair. Big Bargains for Cash Buyers in Flannel and Business Suits, Straw Hats, Panama Hats, Canvas Hats, Etc., Etc.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 68-70 YATES STREET

SPORTING
AFTERNOON'S ATTRACTIONS.
Victoria vs. New Westminster, championship game.
Cricket—Beacon Hill at 2, Victoria (mar. 10) vs. Victoria (aug. 10).
Baseball—Oak Bay at 3, Victoria Inter-mediate vs. Wanderers.
Tennis—J. B. A. A. tournament, semi-finals and finals.

THE BUREAU.
New Haven, Conn., Aug. 29.—An open letter in regard to the proposed contract for the construction of a new bridge over the Connecticut river, was sent today to the Hon. Henry Waterson, editor of the Connecticut Journal, by S. P. Thresher, of this city, secretary of the Law and Order League of Connecticut. As an apology for addressing Colonel Waterson, the writer says: "This is an age when the moral interests of the whole land are more or less bound together and when oftentimes one part of the country pulsates to the sentiment of another." The letter suggests that Louisville should not be regarded as a sample place for pugilists when shut out from New York, St. Louis or New London, and that it would seem to be foolish to shut out the police from the fight movement in Louisville.

POLICE STOPPED FIGHT.
San Francisco, Aug. 29.—Eddie Hanlon, San Francisco, was given the decision tonight over Morris Rauch, Chicago, at the end of the sixth round. The police stopped the fight after Rauch went down twice.

A DRAW.
Seattle, Aug. 29.—The Turner-Queenan fight was declared a draw at the end of the twentieth round.

CHURCHES
ST. JOHN'S.
There will be morning prayer at 11 and evening at 7. The pastor, Rev. Percival Jones, being the preacher, at both services. The musical arrangements are as follows:
Morning.
Organ—Adoration A. Graham Hyman
Organ—Alleluia Arthur Page
Evening.
Organ—Prelude in D minor J. S. Bach
Hymns 226, 265 and 542
Organ—Chorus in D Gullstrand
CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.
Preacher, morning and evening, Canon Beaudouin. The musical portion follows:
Morning.
Voluntary—Prelude in B flat Hesse
Venite Macfarlane
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Gloria Langford
Kyrie M. S. Hymns 470 and 471
Voluntary—Prelude in B flat Yorkston
Evening.
Voluntary—Andante in C Rattall
Processional Hymn 224
Psalm Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat Langford
Nunc Dimittis Hopkins
Hymns 226, 546 and 228
Recessional Hymn 226
Voluntary—Prelude in C Tourn

TODAY'S TEAMS.
The following are the Victoria and New Westminster teams who will cross sticks at the Caledonia grounds this afternoon:
Victoria. New Westminster.
W. Lorimer Goal Chayne
C. Hallin Point Gray
B. Kelly Cover Point Galbraith
S. Lorimer 1st Defence Lynch
McDonald 2nd Defence Reame
C. White 3rd Defence Peck
Scholfield Centre Turnbull
H. H. H. 2nd Home Clifford
Blair 1st Home H. Latham
James and K. Scholfield 2nd Home W. Quinn
W. Quinn Inside Home T. Gifford
W. Quinn Field Captain Cambridge

LAWYERS.
J. B. A. A. TOURNAMENT.
Yesterday's results in the J. B. A. A. tournament were:
Singles.
B. S. Heisterman beat D. E. D. Quay, 6-1, 6-2.
Holmes beat W. York, 6-0, 6-1.
York beat K. Wollaston, 6-0, 6-1.
A. Hood beat L. Foot, 6-1, 6-4, 6-3.
C. Carr-Hilton beat B. S. Heisterman, 6-2, 6-3.
J. Leeming beat D. Leeming, by default.
Doubles.
B. Clay and J. Hiltz beat J. Cornwall and E. R. Holmes, 6-2, 6-3.
B. Carr-Hilton and K. A. Holmes beat J. Leeming and E. H. Russell, 6-3, 6-2.
B. Clay and J. Hiltz beat W. T. Williams and K. Scholfield, 6-2, 6-3.
Today's fixtures follow:
2.00 p. m.—H. A. Holmes vs. A. Hood.
2.30 p. m.—B. Carr-Hilton vs. L. York.
3.30 p. m.—In club championship doubles.
B. Clay and J. Hiltz vs. E. R. Holmes and H. A. Holmes.
6.00 p. m.—In club championship singles.
The winner of B. Carr-Hilton and L. York meets the winner of J. Leeming and his opponent.

BANKERS' TOURNAMENT.
The bankers' fourth annual tournament will open on Tuesday next at the J. B. A. A. grounds, commencing at 11 a. m. and ending at 4.30 p. m. The fixtures are:
4.30 p. m.—Von Cramer, rec. 30, vs. V. F. Crony, rec. 15.3.
6.15 p. m.—Ootton, rec. 15.3, vs. T. M. F. 15.3.
6.15 p. m.—E. C. Holmes, rec. 15.3, vs. W. Goddard, rec. 30.

CALVARY BAPTIST.
The pastor, Rev. J. F. Vichert, M. A., will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.

EMMANUEL BAPTIST.
Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Pastor P. H. McEwen will preach. Morning subject, "The Christian's Duty." Evening subject, "A Veteran's Advice."

CONGREGATIONAL.
Rev. R. B. Blyth, B. A., the pastor, will preach morning and evening. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p. m.

SPIRITUALISM.
R. H. Kneeshaw will lecture in the Sir William Wallace hall at 7.30 p. m. Subject, selected. Miss Amy Kneeshaw, vocalist. Clairvoyant readings after lecture. All seats free.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.
The Sunday service of the Christian Scientists Society will be held at 11 a. m. Subject, "Man."

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Algonquin railway company in London it was voted to accept the offer of the Brazilian government to purchase the road for \$3,725,000, in 4 per cent. bonds.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Spokane street railway company in Spokane, Wash., it was voted to accept the offer of the Spokane street railway company to purchase the road for \$3,725,000, in 4 per cent. bonds.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Spokane street railway company in Spokane, Wash., it was voted to accept the offer of the Spokane street railway company to purchase the road for \$3,725,000, in 4 per cent. bonds.

son Circle, and the Boys' Brigade. The church is fortunate in the possession of a very good choir, which has been under the leadership of G. F. Watson for many years.

Rev. J. F. Vichert is an eloquent

Provincial News.

VERNON.
At the meeting of the Presbytery of Kamloops, held in Armstrong on Tuesday, the resignation of Rev. J. McCoy as pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city was accepted. The resignation is to take effect on September 23rd.

GREENWOOD.
At a meeting of the members of the Greenwood Curling Club, a proposal to endeavor to organize a joint stock association with the object of making a good skating and curling rink in Greenwood, and erecting all the necessary buildings in connection with the same, was submitted for consideration. It was decided to make, by a committee, a canvass of residents, to ascertain whether or not a capital of \$5,000 in \$10 shares could be raised locally for the purpose.

VERNON.
After several witnesses had given evidence at the inquest upon the death of Alexander D. Ferguson, the coroner's jury brought in a verdict "That the said Alexander D. Ferguson came to his death on Thursday, August 14th, at some time between the hours of 9 a. m. and 1 p. m. in No. 1 tunnel of the Coal Creek mines by being crushed under a fall of rock from the roof of said mine. That no blame can be attached to any one except himself, and that according to the evidence he left the roof in a dangerous condition in direct disobedience to orders."

VANCOUVER.
The death occurred on Thursday evening of Mrs. Agnes Xcomans, aged 52 years and 10 months, at the residence of her son-in-law, John Telford, Central Park. The deceased was a native of Northumberland, England, and emigrated to British Columbia many years ago.

Joseph McDonald passed away on Thursday evening at his residence, 219 Westminster avenue, after a brief illness. The late Mr. McDonald was born in the Highlands of Scotland some 30 years ago, and was one of Vancouver's oldest residents.

vinces regarding unnecessary labor, sports, etc., on Sunday. The Medical Association of British Columbia met yesterday and got down to business after lunch when the president, Dr. McGuigan, delivered an address, and a programme was arranged as to the papers which will be read during the session. Leading physicians from Washington and Oregon states were present, besides Dr. Dudley, of Chicago, and Dr. Cox, of Portland. Dr. Jones read a paper on "Cancer of the Breast."

The following official scalars have been appointed under the new act: R. B. Baker, for Heaps & Co.; A. E. Burnett, for the North Pacific Co.; A. Garrett, for Burnett Sawmill Co.; P. D. Lee, for Canadian Pacific Railway Co.; Alex. Garrett, for Burnett Sawmill Co.; A. E. Dunning, for B. C. Timber Mills & Trading Co.; Wm. Dixon, for Royal City Mills; J. Chase, for Robertson & Hackett; W. L. Johnson, for Royal City Mills; John Mahony, for Harrison River Mills.

Questioned concerning the current report, based on recent dispatches, that a new sugar refinery was to be erected in Vancouver, B. T. Rogers stated that it was incorrect. "We have all the refineries here that we can handle," said Mr. Rogers, "and so far as my information goes, there is not likely to be another. We could supply a demand four times as big as the present one."

REBUILDING.
P. Burns & Company have taken the initiative in the matter of rebuilding their premises destroyed by Monday's fire. While active steps are not, of course, under way as yet, it is understood that the firm will proceed without delay to erect on their property on Spence street a substantial brick block as prescribed in the fire limit by-law. Other fire sufferers have arranged to secure premises and will resume business forthwith.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND.
This is a medicine used monthly by over 25 million people in all climates. Ladies seek your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all diseases of the female system. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all diseases of the female system. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all diseases of the female system.

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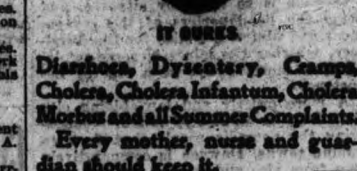
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THOUSANDS OF INFANTS DIE ANNUALLY
who could be saved by the timely use of



It cures.
Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Camps, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints. Every mother, nurse and guardian should keep it. It is harmless, pleasant, reliable and effective. Get a bottle from your druggist.

LIGHTS THAT LIGHT NOTICE.
The Victoria Gas Co., Ltd., are now installing complete WELMACH LAMPS in place of old, charging the usual sum of 5 cents per lamp per month for manual renewal.

Apply GAS WORKS.
F. E. HOWLING, Superintendent.
Phone 782.

NOTICE.
Take notice that the annual general meeting of the Shareholders of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company (as which Directors will be elected) will be held at the Company's Office, Store street, Victoria, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on Wednesday, the first day of October next.

NOTICE.
Take notice that the annual general meeting of the Shareholders of the Wellington Colliery Company Limited will be held at the Company's Office, Store street, Victoria, on Wednesday, the first day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE
Founded 1820.
DEER PARK, TORONTO.
G. R. PARKIN, C.M.G., LL.D., Principal.
The College reopens for the autumn term on Wednesday, September 10, 1902.

The regular staff comprises thirteen graduates of English and Canadian Universities, with additional special instructors. 50 acres of grounds and wood equipment. A separate military building secured for the use of the college.

EDUCATIONAL SELECT SCHOOL
—FOR—
Young Ladies and Children
St. Anne's Academy
(Incorporated Institution).
HUMBOLDT STREET, VICTORIA.

Thorough Primary, Intermediate and Graduating Courses. Complete Commercial Course, Bookkeeping, Pitman Shorthand and Touch Typewriting. Largest list of pupils in positions in the city. Most department affiliated to the best College in the Dominion. Latest course followed, certificates senior course courses in language and Harmony free to regular music pupils.

For terms apply to the Academy, St. Anne's Kindergarten, an Annex, on Blanchard street, re-opens on the same date.

NOTICE.
Re Harry Short, Deceased.
In order to settle the affairs of this estate, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th of September prox. for the purchase of the business and stock in trade of the deceased.

CURE YOURSELF!
The Big 6 for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, etc. White, a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all diseases of the male system. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all diseases of the male system. It is a safe, reliable, and effective remedy for all diseases of the male system.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

CAPITAL (paid up) \$2,500,000
Reserve 2,125,000

DIRECTORS.
T. R. MERRITT, President.
D. R. WILKIE, Vice-President.
Wm. Ramsay, Cashier.
T. Sutherland-Smyth, M. S. Rogers, Wm. Hendrie.

Head Office, Toronto.
D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.
R. HAY, Assistant General Manager.
W. MOFFAT, Chief Inspector.

Branches in Ontario.
Banc. Port Colborne, Bat Portage, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Ingersoll, Listowell, Niagara Falls, Ottawa.
Branch in Quebec, Montreal.
Branches in Northwest and British Columbia.
Brandon, Man. Prince Albert, Sask. Calgary, Alta. Revelstoke, B. C. Fergusson, B. C. Strathcona, Alta. Golden, B. C. Vancouver, B. C. Nelson, B. C. Portage la Prairie, Man. Winnipeg, Man.

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN.—Lloyds Bank, Limited, 72 Lombard St., London. W. MOFFAT, Chief Inspector.

AGENTS IN UNITED STATES.—New York—Bank of Montreal; Bank of the Manhattan Company, Chicago—First National Bank, St. Paul—First National Bank, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, Portland, Oregon—Wells Fargo & Co.'s Bank, Seattle, Wash.—First National Bank, Tacoma, Wash.—First National Bank, Victoria, B. C.

AGENTS IN PARIS, FRANCE.—Credit Lyonnais.
Drafts, sold, available at all points in Canada, United States and Europe. Savings Bank Department—Deposits received and interest allowed at current rates. Municipal and other Debentures purchased.

Letters of Credit issued negotiable at branches. **Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd.** in Transvaal, Cape Colony, Natal, Rhodesia.

VICTORIA BRANCH.
Correspondent and Broughton Sts. J. R. GIBB, ACTING MANAGER.

TENDERS

Steel Bridge

At Point Ellice, Victoria, B. C.
Sealed tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Point Ellice Bridge," will be received at the office of the undersigned, until Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1902, at 4 p. m., for the construction of a steel superstructure of a bridge at Point Ellice, B. C. Plans and specification and all necessary information will be furnished by Mr. C. H. Popp, City Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. E.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 16th, 1902.

Read This.

A highly respected Victoria lady sends the following unsolicited testimony, requesting us to give her name and address to anyone doubting the facts:
"Some time ago I had a cancer removed by operation from one of my breasts, but soon to my horror a cancer grew in the other. Fearing another operation would result fatally, I decided to try."

Never Fail Cancer Cure.
"For two weeks I noticed no change, at the end of three the cancer was smaller, four it had completely disappeared, and my general health is much improved."
Does This Convince You?
From past experience we feel safe in saying the lady just cured will never again have a symptom of cancer.

H. H. JONES,
39 BIRDCAGE WALK, VICTORIA, B. C.

BE WISE

Re-hang your house before winter. We shall be pleased to do it for you.
Moore & Whittington;
185 Yates Street.
PHONE 8700.

SCHOOL OF NEEDLEWORK.

Fine sewing, practical dressmaking and fancy work. Orders filled for embroidery, drawing, and lace work. Hours 10 to 12 a. m. and 5 to 6 p. m.
Miss E. A. Meuser
ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK,
CORNER YATES AND BROAD STREETS.

JOHN MESTON

Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc.
BROAD ST. BETWEEN PANDORA AND JONASCH.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
—OPEN FROM 8 P. M. TO 10 P. M.—
The Institute is free for the use of seamen and shipping generally. It is well supplied with papers and a temperance library. Letters may be sent home to seamen ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

JUST A FEW

Reasons why you should have us prepare your prescriptions:
WE ARE SKILLFUL.
WE ARE ACCURATE.
WE ARE PROMPT.
WE USE ONLY "CHEMICALLY PURE" MATERIALS.

JOHN COCHRANE,

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.
N.W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.
Deliveries made anywhere in city.

SPECIAL PRIZES
FOR EXHIBITIONTHE LIST OFFERED
FOR COMING FAIR

Liberal Donations Made to the Prizes To Be Offered at the Forthcoming Fall Show.

Preparations for the fall show are proceeding apace. The number of entries promise to exceed that of last year, and the management have grave fears that the space available will not be sufficient to accommodate all. The mineral exhibit this year will be particularly creditable. As the essential industry of Vancouver Island is mining, the secretary is endeavoring, in view of that fact, to make the display a feature of the fair.

The ladies are taking a great deal of interest in the exhibition this year, and the exhibits of needlework and other branches, of which the ladies have to do, will be well represented. A committee of ladies held a meeting this morning at the exhibition rooms for the purpose of considering exhibition matters.

The list of special prizes has been completed, and the number and value of the prizes offered attests the great interest which the citizens are taking in the show this year. The complete list is as follows:

Horses.

Presented by Victoria Truck & Dray Co.—For best foal of 1902, sired by Newman, \$200; for best foal of 1902, sired by Garret, \$20.

Presented by G. Simon, Esq.—For best colt by French coach stallion Napoleon, 1st, \$100; 2nd, \$50.

Presented by S. M. Robins, Nanaimo—For best pair of carriage horses, 1st, \$15; 2nd, \$10.

Presented by H. D. Helmcken, K. C., M.P.P.—For best draught horse, silver cup.

Presented by L. Goodacre, Esq.—For best pony, silver cup.

Presented by C. E. Redfern, Esq.—For best lady's saddle horse, open bicent jar.

Presented by F. B. Pemberton, Esq.—For best gentleman's saddle horse, \$10.

Presented by Messrs. M. and H. A. Fox—For best gentleman's saddle horse, silver trophy.

Presented by Canadian Bank of Commerce—For best draught colt (yearling), raised in province, silver medal.

Presented by the B. C. Saddlery Co.—For best driving horse, goods to the value of \$10.

Presented by D. Spencer, Esq.—For best roadster, carriage horse, value \$10.

Presented by C. A. Holland—For best roadster, \$10.

Cattle.

Presented by the Dairywomen's and Live Stock Association of British Columbia, L. W. Paisley, Chilliwack, secretary—For best registered bull, any breed, \$25.

For cow giving most butter fat during 24 hours of the exhibition, 1st, \$15; 2nd, \$10.

Presented by S. M. Robins, Nanaimo—For best exhibit of cattle, the bona fide property of an exhibitor who must be a resident of the province, \$25.

Presented by Beaumont Boggs, secretary—For best unregistered Jersey cow, \$10.

Presented by A. W. Vowell—For best herd of fine milk cows, owned by licensed milkman, \$20.

Presented by Victoria Farmers' Institute—For best animal in beef classes, \$10. For best Jersey cow, \$10.

Sheep.

Presented by the American Oxford Down Record Association—For best yearling ram, 1st, \$5; 2nd, \$4. For best pen of four lambs, either sex, 1st, \$5; 2nd, \$4. All stock competing to be bred and owned by the exhibitor in the province of British Columbia, to be registered in the American Oxford Down Record, bear the A. O. D. R. A. ear tag and certificate of registry, under the seal of the association, to be presented at the time of the exhibition. When there is but one exhibitor but one prize will be paid.

Presented by the Victoria Farmers' Institute—For the best pen of South-downs, \$150. For the best pen of Shropshires, \$150.

Pigs.

Presented by Hickman-Tye Hardware Co.—For biggest pig in the show, 1st, \$10; 2nd, \$5. For best pen of 1st, \$10; 2nd, \$5.

Presented by the B. Wilson Co., Ltd.—For best bacon hog, \$15.

Poultry.

Presented by Mrs. Bradley-Dyne—For pair of best dressed fowls, \$3.

Times Printing & Publishing Company—For best exhibit of fowls, Daily Times for one year.

Presented by Pichon & Lefevre—For best pair of Rock Island reds, pocket knife, value \$2.

Presented by Saunders Grocery Company—For best couple of ducks, goods value \$2.

Presented by G. Morrison—For best pair of Plymouth Rocks, gent's shaving outfit.

Presented by B. Williams & Company—

For best pair of geese, one pair of gloves.

Dairy Produce.

Presented by Campbell & Cullin: For winners of first prize for best 80 lbs. of creamery butter, box cigars.

Presented by Weller Bros.: For best 10 lbs. of dairy butter, one parlor lamp, value \$10.

Agricultural Produce.

Presented by C. Bazette, Duncan: For the best collection of roots grown from Sutton's seeds, \$5.

Presented by Jay & Co.: For best collection of vegetables grown from Jay's seeds, silver cup.

Presented by Brackman-Ker Co.: For best 90 lb. sack of winter milling oats, \$10.

Presented by the Canadian Bank of Commerce: For best bushel of wheat, silver medal.

Presented by Hamilton Powder Co.: For bushel of best winter potatoes, 200 lbs. stumping powder.

Presented by Brackman-Ker Co.: For best 90 lb. sack of winter milling oats, \$10.

Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.: For best collection of roots, Daily Colonist for one year.

Horticultural Department.

Presented by R. Layritz Co.: For best collection of cut rose blooms (amateurs only), one dozen rose plants, value \$4.

For best five plates of apples grown on tree from Layritz Nursery, one dozen fruit trees.

Presented by E. G. Wilkerson: For best one dozen cactus dahlias procured from E. G. Wilkerson, \$10; for best half dozen, \$5.

Presented by Allan & Co.: For best collection of cacti, fancy vase.

Presented by G. Powell & Co.: For best exhibit of native cranberries, lamp, value \$250.

The Times Printing & Publishing Co.: For best collection of apples grown east of North Bend, Twice-a-Week Times one year.

Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.: For best collection of apples grown west of North Bend, Weekly Colonist for one year.

Art Department.

Presented by Challoner & Mitchell: For best collection of amateur photographs (portraits), goods to the value of \$15.

Presented by B. C. Pottery Co.: For best collection of amateur photographs, landscapes, two victory vases, value \$7.

Presented by James Townley: For best portrait of figure from life, \$2.

Presented by T. N. Hibben & Co.: For water color painting by boy or girl under 16 years, set of Dickens's works, value \$15.

Bread.

Presented by Lake of Woods Milling Co.: 1st, \$50.

Presented by Ogilvie-Milling Co.: 1st, \$25; 2nd, \$15; 3rd, \$10.

Presented by Okanagan Milling Co.: 1st, \$20; 2nd, \$10. For best loaf of baker's bread, 1st, two barrels; 2nd, one barrel of Hungarian flour.

Minerals.

Presented by B. C. Mining Record: For best exhibit of ore from a mineral claim that has not been crown granted, situated on Vancouver Island, Mining Record for one year.

For best exhibit of iron ore, Mining Record for one year.

Miscellaneous.

Presented by M. W. Waitt & Co.: For best model of boat made by boy under 16 years of age, ping pong set with vellum racquets.

Prizes to the amount of some \$35 have been received for distribution in the ladies' department.

HYPNOTISM AND DENTISTRY.

Hypnotism is not likely, we think, to be received with favor as an aid to the dentist's art. Mr. Moirand, a well known Paris dentist, has, however, just described one case in which it was resorted to with complete success.

A young man of seventeen presented himself with a decayed molar in the left upper jaw, accompanied by alveolar periostitis. Mr. Moirand decided that extraction was necessary, but his patient refused to submit to the operation. His father proposed that he should be taken to Berlin, a specialist in hypnotism, and this was done. The hypnotist, as the result of the interview, simply told the young man that he must bear to Mr. Moirand a message to the effect that he must make an injection of cocaine and take out the tooth without causing the slightest pain. The patient returned to the dentist's, and sat down quietly in the chair. Mr. Moirand pretended to inject the cocaine, took up the forceps, and removed the tooth. This proved to be a difficult task, and considerable force had to be employed, but the patient remained completely motionless, and seemed entirely insensible to pain.—London Daily News.

THE CLERGY
LIKE IT

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER CURES ALL CEREALS. IT RELIEVES IN 10 MINUTES.

Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are true believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all its claims: Bishop Sweetman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking.

MR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT RELIEVES PILES IN A DAY.

Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—S.

—We can always offer you "Real Bargains," because we are continually working off our surplus season's goods at reduced prices. Just now, and until all are cleared, Weller Bros.

DIED.

YEOMANS—At Vancouver, on Aug. 28th, Mrs. Agnes Yeoman, aged 92 years.

M'DONALD—At Vancouver, on Aug. 28th, Mrs. Agnes Yeoman, aged 92 years.

BIRTHS.

HALL—At Okanagan Mission, on Aug. 24th, the wife of R. S. Hall, of a daughter.

M'DONALD—At Armstrong, on Aug. 23rd, the wife of Miles McDonald, of a son.

FARLEY—At Fernie, on Aug. 15th, the wife of Jas. Farwell, of a son.

KIEWATCH—At Fernie, on Aug. 16th, the wife of Jas. Kiewatch, of a son.

SHORT—At Swan Lake, on Aug. 28th, Ethel May, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Short.

The funeral will take place from the residence, Swan Lake, Sunday, the 31st inst. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

THE DAWSON OF TO-DAY

Mr. Geo. H. Hees, of Toronto, returned recently from a visit of inspection to Dawson.

In a published interview he said: Dawson has a population of 5,000, and is beautifully situated at the base of Dome mountain, which is 2,000 feet above the city. The city is about two miles long and one mile wide. It slopes gently from the base of the mountain to the river, and its streets are straight and regular. It is at the junction of the Klondike creek and the Yukon river.

The buildings of Dawson are constructed of light wooden frames; the inside covered with building paper, then with cheese cloth, and finished with wall paper; they rest on stone or blocks of wood. Few, if any, buildings in the city are plastered, and being massed together are mostly considered too hazardous for fire insurance companies to take risks on. They have recently inaugurated a paid fire brigade and now some of the shops are insured. In such cases, I am told, the yearly premium is ten per cent. and on private dwellings five per cent. The Trade Companies buildings are covered with galvanized iron and are therefore insured.

Governor Ross told me that but a year or so ago a dollar in the East would buy as much as six dollars in Dawson. He was lately checking over some bills he found the difference now is about one to four and a half. No coin less than 25 cents is used in the Klondike. The three daily papers—smaller than our one cent papers—sell at 25 cents each, \$4 a month, \$40 a year in advance. All drinks, hard or soft, 25 cents, but all liquors, except beer, 75 cents. Cigars 25 cents, or the fair ones for \$1. A leading barrister told me he thought he had passed the period of being surprised at Dawson prices, but that morning when he was charged 25 cents for a pair of common shoe laces he thought the price rather steep. But prices are very high. An office that rents in Toronto for \$30 per month would bring \$130 in Dawson. Small shops rent from \$10 to \$20 a day in advance. Dining room girls get \$100 per month and house servants from \$75 to \$125 per month. Hotel charges are more reasonable. A small room \$250 per day, breakfast or lunch 75 cents and dinner \$1; the meals are better than you expect under the circumstances. Sample rooms from \$5 to \$10 per day; hauling baggage \$1 per piece.

The government has shown its faith in Dawson by erecting several large, substantial and handsome buildings. Its four churches and several school houses are well built and well attended. A large space on the edge of the city encloses the barracks, hospital and jail. The barracks are large and commodious and have accommodation for over five hundred of that splendid body of peace promoters, the Mounted Police. Dawson has two post offices, one at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum. There are 48 lawyers and 44 doctors. Two theatres and numerous dance halls furnish varied kinds of amusement for its people. Open gambling was lately suppressed, and "faro" tables have been converted into tables for the innocent game of ping pong. Dawson's "Zero Club" is nicely fitted up and well conducted and would be of credit to any eastern city.

I have permission from Mr. Senkler, Canadian assistant gold commissioner, to use his name as saying, "The output of gold in the Klondike last year was over \$24,000,000. The production of the coming year will exceed \$14,000,000, a falling off of nearly one-half. The reason for this very large decline is that the old creeks or 'finds' are being worked up, and no new discoveries have been made for more than a year." The hope of the Klondike now is the discovery of gold-bearing quartz of sufficient richness to pay to work. So far no such quartz has been discovered.

Many of the mines on the creeks are being worked to their full capacity. Many are being half worked. Many are working over their second or "tailings," and many of the mines have been worked out and abandoned. It will take years to get some of the old creeks to work out the mines already discovered. The mines are now in the hands of those who have capital to work them, and they are only followed, unless new fields are discovered, that the yield will grow smaller and smaller year by year.

Dawson is so favorably situated, and being the headquarters of the government and Mounted Police for the Territory, whether the mines increase or decline, it must always be a city of importance.

A more orderly and law-abiding city than Dawson cannot be found. It is a mining town, Dawson is comparatively free from vice and crime.

The social life of Dawson is one of its leading features. It has its social "400" and those admitted to its exclusive circle will find many charming and hospitable people.

One of the events of the year in Dawson occurs on its longest day, June 21st, when the people make a pilgrimage to Dome mountain, back of the city, to see "the midnight sun." Dawson lacks a little more than one degree of being in the Arctic circle. In midsummer there is little difference in light between noon and midnight and it is a common sight to see its people playing indoor games—lawn tennis, cricket, baseball and lacrosse—after midnight. Saloons, restaurants, fruit shops, etc., keep open all night. On June 21st our party sent a pack horse laden with picnic tables and drinkables to the top of the mountain, where we saw the sun go down in the west at 10:35 p.m. and rise in the northwest at 1:30 a.m.; only two and a half points in the compass from where it descended. The twilight of the setting and rising sun made the light as bright as noon day and at midnight photographers took groups of visitors. The pictures, which I have seen, show a noon-day atmosphere. In winter all is reversed and during the shortest days the sun is visible only a little while about noon-day.

There is now in Dawson a great surplus of laborers, who are ready and eager to go to work. I am told there are ten applicants for every job available and yet boat load after boat load of adventurers are arriving almost daily to swell the crowds of idlers. Knowing these conditions and seeing in almost every issue of Seattle, San Francisco and other papers the glowing accounts of the Klondike one cannot help feeling

that the transportation companies are responsible for these alluring stories.

No more beautiful or instructive trip can be taken on this or any other continent than the one to the "Land of Gold." The sail through the inland sea; the hundreds of spouting whales; the awe-inspiring mountains; the beautiful waterfalls that tumble down precipitous thousands of feet high; the mountains and peaks covered with perpetual snow; the immense glaciers that sparkle in the sun like brilliant emeralds; the dangerous treacherous "ice comings" and "ice breakers"; our coming's national bird, the golden eagle, that soars so majestically over crag and peak; the native Indians of this, up to a short time ago, almost unknown country; the hundreds of dolphins that playfully sport amid the spray of the steamer's prow; the queer places where the boat stops; the salmon canneries; the largest quartz mines on the continent, the Treadwell at Douglas City, Alaska, with its thousand stamp mills; the rugged mountains at Skagway; the ride over that wonderful piece of engineering skill, the White Pass & Yukon railway, which ascends and ascends until it reaches the dizzy heights of one of the highest mountains in Alaska; the trip of 450 miles down the Yukon to Dawson, all this scenery for magnificent and rugged grandeur in unapproached, even unapproachable, and makes an impression upon the memory that Dr. Wicket interviewed.

A Dawson dispatch says: "Dr. Morley Wicket, special commissioner of the Manufacturers' Association of Canada, in an interview regarding his views on the future of the Yukon, and his opinion of Mr. Hees's letter, which has been widely circulated in the East, and already had a very injurious effect, says: 'After nearly a month's visit in the Klondike, during which time I have interviewed many of the important merchants, and a large number of the leading miners, I have been greatly impressed by the territory. Undoubtedly the country has a promising harvest yet ahead of it, good for many years to come. As to Mr. Hees's letter to 'Industrial Canada,' I wish only to say that it appears to have had a more widely depressing effect than Mr. Hees perhaps intended. Just to-day, for example, prompted by the report, two telegrams were handed me, querying the financial strength of certain local firms, and intimating that the firms outside were inclined to press for speedy payments from them. A letter was also shown me from a large shipper, stating that Mr. Hees's letter had made the writer nervous about making future shipments to Dawson. It will be very regrettable if the normal course of trade or credit is in any way broken. The Yukon is a great, and Canadian manufacturers and shippers should not let it get out of their grasp. United States sellers will be only too ready to take advantage of the situation. This fall prices promise to be firmer and higher than for some time and the large stocks laid in have every promise of being very valuable. The past season has been fairly dull, but the quiet is only the natural sequence of one of the most astonishing discoveries of gold that has ever been known, and the remarkable activity which followed. I may repeat that I have been greatly impressed by the confidence of the miners and merchants in the future of this new territory.'

"Mr. Hees's statements in the East have produced a profound sensation here. Mr. Hees was only here a few days and saw very little of anybody. He never even saw the mayor of the city nor merchants who could give him valuable information. The story about idle men was very misleading. There are always hundreds of men in town who are apparently idle, but closely questioning would have shown that they were not loafers, but were in the city either to record claims, make renewals, get outfits or for some other business. Reports that Mr. Hees gave for publication have already had a bad effect on Canadian trade, which Seattle and San Francisco firms are ready to take quick advantage of, and they are already doing so."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To buy, cottage, about \$1,200. Give particulars to P. Box 88.

PERSONAL—Very wealthy attractive lady, 35 years, desires husband for companion and adviser. Constance, 512 Holland Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

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ADMISSION 10 CENTS.

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Will open on September 15th next, and will offer unequalled advantages for instruction in the following branches:

Piano, Violin, Flute, Organ, Mandolin, Guitar, Orchestra Playing, Singing, Theory and Harmony, Ballroom Physical Culture, Modern Languages.

Arrangements are being completed for classes in Dramatic Art, Drawing, Painting and Modelling.

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Herb P. Storck, Modelling of the Stockholm Conservatory, and First Prize Winner with the highest distinction of the Brussels Conservatory. Principal, Miss Taylor, of Vancouver; Miss Saunders and Miss Harris.

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The most approved methods of the European Conservatories will be followed.

Intending pupils may enroll their names at any of the piano saloons in the city.

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SECRETARY.

Baseball

VICTORIA

vs. EVERETT

Monday, Sept. 1st

AT 3 P. M.

AT OAK BAY.

Canadian Pacific

Navigation Co., Ltd.

Time Table—Effective July 25th, 1902.

ALASKA ROUTE—FOR SKAGWAY DIRECT.

Lv. Victoria. Lv. Vancouver. 1 a.m. 11 p.m. Per Chalmers.

Princess May . . . Sept. 14 Sept. 14 Princess May . . . Sept. 14 Sept. 14

Lv. Victoria. Lv. Vancouver. 11 p.m. 11 p.m. Aug. 30 Aug. 31

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To Alert Bay, Rivers Inlet, Nams, Skeena, Five Points, Nams and intermediate points, Thursdays, 11 p. m.

To New Westminster and way ports, Tuesdays and Fridays, 7 a. m.

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For particulars as to time, rates, etc., apply to nearest agent.

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Atlantic Steamship Sailings

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY AUGUST 30, 1902.



IN MAIDEN MEDITATION.



From all the flowers, the fruits and the green things of nature that are brought and laid in a golden harvest at the feet of spring beauty there may be chosen this hat or that blossom, perhaps even a ripe and luscious berry, as the season's adornment for this irresistibly attractive and suitable creature.

One day it is a wreath of brilliant-hued autumn leaves, the next a crown of scarlet berries, and now we see fair Phyllis arrayed in a costume quaint and pretty, shading her bewitching eyes beneath a single leaf curled from the wide-spreading palm.

A palm-leaf fan in its ordinary state has never been considered a picturesque object, but the severe, characteristic lines are scarcely recognizable in this new and fancy headwear, which is so becoming to youthful beauty.

It requires more than a passing glance to reveal the fundamental structure of this new fan of the ingenious feminine mind, for the palm-leaf hat is so deftly hidden beneath garlands of flowers and quaint, pretty ornamentation that it seems a fresh bit of an old-fashioned garden or a spicy fragment of the forest instead of a stiff and common fan.

In the very centre of the hat on top is fastened a full, puffed crown of some soft fabric, while about the extreme edge is a

delicate outline of filmy ruffling or a quaint quilling, in keeping with the simplicity of the whole. About the crown may be wound a wreath of cherry or sweet-scented apple blossoms. These are far more appropriate than rare exotics.

There are fluttering strings to add to the picturesqueness of the hat, and at the same time serve a practical purpose. In some cases this pretty hat is rendered more charming by having a wreath of fine blossoms resting underneath the brim and trailing coquettishly over the soft hair.

The rigid outline may be slightly bent so as to give a piquant tilt to the wide brim, and the hat may be worn with a demure air or one that is delightfully rakish.

A palm-leaf hat is an ideal head covering for the summer, and even the admirable sun bonnet, with all its bewitching possibilities, must give way to this more novel confection.

It should not, however, be worn with every costume, for there is such a decided quaintness and prettiness about its style that only certain frocks seem appropriate.

If you choose to have one, see to it that its jaunty air is not spoiled by surroundings altogether too up to date. The chief charm is in its unlikeness to fashionable fancies.

The Japanese have a dislike for beef.



REVERIE AND CHERRY BLOSSOMS.

Popularity of the Summer Man.

If it be true that "in the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love," it is also true that as the season advances his fancy turns many times in many directions, and to have the particular Summer Girl at each new turn be to him all his fancy paints and heart desires he must be a typical Summer Man.

The Summer Girl's heart turns as frequently as the young man's fancy, and expands more and more as the mercury ascends, but never enough to include the man whose habiliments do not harmonize with her own summery mien.

The Summer Man this season will be as dainty in all his articles of apparel as "ye lady faire" ever was. His alien undergarments are of delicate shade, and an exquisitely embroidered monogram three inches high decorates the left side, just over his heart. His hose, too, are monogrammed on the instep, but the space occupied is not more than a square inch.

His shoes must be of patent leather, no

matter whether he be lounging on a veranda, leading a cotton or strapping along the beach, and if they have buckles of gun metal, plain toes and military heels he will be quite au fait. He may wear white canvas ties on his yacht or for golf or tennis, but at all other times and places patent leather. Tans are dead.

His shirt may be white negligee, with very narrow tucks, and, six inches above the left cuff, the inch-high monogram again appears. His suit may be of plain cream white chevrot of rough finish, which, to the uninitiated, looks like flannel, but isn't, and on the outer seams of the trousers are narrow strips of white braid. By this may be known whether the Summer Man is of this year's vintage or a leftover from last season.

His Panama hat may be an Alpine or the old-fashioned shape which used to belong exclusively to elderly men, but is now affected by their offspring; or he may wear a white or pearl grey soft felt that's as light as a feather, or the ordinary flat-brimmed straw hat. But the Panama is the most fetching, according to feminine verdict.

Now add an inch-wide black leather belt

to these delightful tags, and then let the young lady mock modestly select the adornment for his neck. If she be a passionate damsel she will bring forth a pink Ascot. The chilly blonde, who calculates everything deliberately, will suggest a delicate blue. A widow of sentiment will mention pure white, with a scattering of tiny lavender blossoms or polka dots. The domestic girl will favor a black tie. The indifferent one will say to wear anything he likes. The "sporty" girl will decorate him with a fancy handkerchief that goes twice around and ties in a jaunty sailor knot.

The practical miss will select a generous assortment of all the styles and colors that please her individual taste. The girl who really loves this particular Summer Man will ascertain his favorite color and never hint at his wearing any other.

Now, with this running get up, if he but retain or require an ability to lie gracefully he will win more trophies in the way of hearts in one season than the man in a fur-lined coat can win in ten.

Whether the flannels or the lies have the most innings might be a question were it not for the woman's known susceptibility to dainty apparel and her instinctive recog-



POETRY OF PROFILE.

dition of a lie, which rather give the Summer Man the advantage. The winter man, no matter how expensive his tailor or costly his "furnishings," is not in the running with the chap who sports his love of the game of "hearts" that isn't played with cards, and when he realizes that in a fur-lined coat he becomes more or less dominated by the characteristics of the animal whose skin he wears, and in the



WELL-FRAMED PICTURE.

white flannels, though he be only a ten-dollar-a-week clerk on a vacation. Sentiment goes only with flannels and moonlight, and, though due to a man's vanity in his fur-lined coat, dearest of all is

some proportion becomes unlovable to feminine kind, he will store it for all time and follow the summer season and be a Summer Man the whole year round.



HOW DO YOU LIKE THIS?



PICTURE POETRY OF LONG AGO.



KNOWS HER BOOK.



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THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR SUMMER RESORT IS AGAIN OPEN FOR THE SEASON. FURNISHED SUMMER COTTAGES IN CONNECTION, TO LET BY THE WEEK OR MONTH TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

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DOMINION OF CANADA

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS

For Disposal of Minerals on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories, and the Yukon Territory.

COAL.
Coal lands may be purchased at \$10.00 per acre for soft coal, and \$20.00 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at such rate as may from time to time be specified by Order in Council shall be collected on the gross output.

QUARTZ.
Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding Free Miner's Certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A Free Miner's Certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$10.00 per annum for an individual, and from \$50.00 to \$100.00 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A Free Miner having discovered mineral in place may locate a claim 1,600x1,500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lot or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a Mining Recorder's Office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.00.

At least \$100.00 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the Mining Recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500.00 has been expended or paid the locator may, upon having a survey made and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of royalty on the sales not exceeding five per cent.

PLACER MINING, MANITOBA AND THE N. W. T., EXCEPTING THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5.00, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the bar bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

DREDGING IN THE RIVERS OF MANITOBA AND THE N. W. T., EXCEPTING THE YUKON TERRITORY.

A Free Miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bar in the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate season.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease, and shall keep the same in operation within six years from such date. Rental, \$100.00 per mile for first year, and \$10.00 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, ten per cent. on the output in excess of \$10,000.00.

DREDGING IN THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Six leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bar in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the lease.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and shall keep the same in operation within six years from such date. Rental, \$100.00 per mile for first year, and \$10.00 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, ten per cent. on the output in excess of \$10,000.00.

PLACER MINING IN THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Creek, Gulch, River and Hill Claims shall not exceed 200 feet in length, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width to be 100 feet to 2,000 feet. All other Placer Claims shall be 200 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end bearing location notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days if the claim is within ten miles of the Mining Recorder's Office. Otherwise the fee of the party ordinary claims only.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim 1,600 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,600 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged. The rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee \$15.00. Royalty at the rate of five per cent. charged on the gross output of the claim, with the exception of an annual exemption of \$5,000.00.

No Free Miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims on purchase, and Free Miners, not exceeding ten in number, may work their claims in partnership, by joint notice and paying fee of \$2.00. A claim may be abandoned and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.00, or in lieu of work payment may be made to the Mining Recorder each year for the first three years of \$200.00 and after that \$400.00 for each year.

A certificate that work has been done or fee paid must be obtained each year; if not the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a Free Miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be determined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notice in the Yukon Official Gazette.

HYDRAULIC MINING, YUKON TERRITORY.

Locations suitable for hydraulic mining, having a frontage of from one to five miles, and a depth of one mile or more, may be leased for twenty years, provided the ground has been prospectively by the locator or his agent, and does not include placer mining; and does not include within its boundaries any mining claims already granted. A rental of \$150.00 for each mile of frontage, and a royalty of five per cent. on the gross output, less an annual exemption of \$25,000.00, are charged. Operations must be commenced within one year from the date of the lease, and not less than \$5,000.00 must be expended annually. The lease excludes all base metals, quartz and coal, and provides for the payment of royalties on the output for agricultural or building purposes.

PETROLEUM.
An unappropriated Dominion Land shall, after the 1st of July, 1905, be open to prospecting for petroleum. Any person may acquire 640 acres of available land, including any surrounding land, as a royalty at such rate as may be specified by Order in Council.

JAMES A. SMITH,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa, 15th Dec, 1903.

A REAL CIRCUS BY LITTLE FOLKS.

A juvenile circus! That's the latest sensation in the world of amusements. And it's a successful sensation, too.

In Wilkesbarre, Pa., a score or more of youngsters, banded together under the leadership of the sons of four millionaires of the town, planned to give a show which would out rival any circus ever given. Forepaugh & Sells, Wallace, Barnum and the rest would not compare with this wonderful "Barrytown" show, and so it really turned out for from the standpoint of novelty and "unexpectedness" this exhibition given by the youthful sons of Wilkesbarre's best families stands alone, untouched by any event in circus history.

None of the children were over 12 years of age and the youngest was but eight. John T. Lenahan, Jr., Carl and Fritz Stegmaler, Paul Barber and James Roland, Jr., were the leaders. Not that the size of the paternal fortune made any difference to the success of the circus, but it is usually supposed that the pampered sons of the rich are set apart from children of commoner clay and care not for the sports which thrill out-at-the-elbows, tattered young America with delight. The undaunted and splendid success of this sawdust ring enterprise proved for all time the fallacy of this supposition.

Some time ago the circuses which tour the United States and set youngsters wild paid their respects to the people of Wilkesbarre, received splendid gate returns and played to tiers upon tiers of big boys and little boys, their sisters and their parents. Then it was that some juvenile genius conceived the idea of starting a circus all of his own. Lenahan, the originator of the idea, called a meeting of his four chums and the five inseparables put their black, brown and red heads together and soon their active brains had planned the entire show.

It was not difficult to induce some of the other "fellows" to go in for the fun, and the youngsters commenced practicing immediately.

Two of the boys owned horses—thoroughbreds they were, and spirited—and with true Yankee ingenuity they contrived to make the necessary paper rings, through which the star riders were to jump, and in a short time all the needed paraphernalia was secured. One of the fathers, who remembered his own growing days and sympathized with the youngsters, was taken into the company as a sort of silent partner. His business was to supply the necessary funds and keep "mum," a contract which he faithfully fulfilled.

It is amazing with what ease and readiness the youngsters fell into training. They worked like troopers, and it was not long before they had mastered the most difficult of acrobatic feats which had been heretofore on the circus posters when the professional shows were in town. They also made some additions to the usual programme, which might be adopted with benefit by Wallace, Forepaugh and the rest.

The boys had the ready imagination and enthusiasm of youth, the dauntless courage, flexible muscles and active brains of the sturdy young American whose chief pleasure lies in active, health-giving, body-developing outdoor sports. With these attributes it was no difficult task for the boys to do wonderful trapeze "stunts," ride frisky horses buckbuck, jump from one horse to another, drive a span, do some pretty lively racing on the animals and leap through the paper hoops without accident.

For a week or more before the opening day the boys covered the fences with

posters announcing the wonderful show, which was to take place in an open field that had been given over to the young folks for the purpose. Then it was that the silent partner broke his silence and it was rumored that the show was not going to be any show amateur affair, but a rousing exhibition of difficult feats pluckily performed.

Of course, all the youngsters were wild with excitement, and soon the older folks caught the fever; consequently, when the great day arrived the ticket agent had to secure several helpers and two policemen were needed to keep order and insure a safe entrance into the great tent. There was an overflow, but those who could not crowd into the tent to see the wonderful hoop jumping, trapeze swinging and general tumble about performance accommodatedly yelled encouragement when those inside cheered and patiently awaited the outdoor performance.

The great races took place outside the tent, and bona fide races they were, too. There was no planning ahead that the black or brown should win, but the horses were urged by their youthful riders to do their best and the victor fully deserved the cheering he received. Some really good riding was done, and the way one of the boys, starting at the start on the middle one of three horses, jumped quickly from one to the other and back again into position was worthy of a star performer.

Inside the tent, at the evening performance, some lively little ponies were brought into the game. They galloped around the ring with their daring riders as though they thoroughly enjoyed it. There was an exciting chariot race, in which the enthusiasm of the drivers and the excitement of the spectators were of the most genuine kind.

The trained dogs showed what patience the boys had put into the work, and the clown proved himself the genuine article by keeping the audience roaring with laughter. Never was a funny man less trite in his antics, for the clown of the Barrytown circus was a four foot some inches 11-year-old plump of mischief, brimful of fun from his curly pate to his shoeless toes.

After the great wind up, when all the animals and all the boys tore around the ring in a mad race, came the concert. The performers, somewhat out of breath, but still enthusiastic, sang lustily some good, rousing popular airs and brought the circus to a triumphant close by giving a blood curdling war whoop and then skurrying home to bed, heroes of the day.

FRESH AIR IN TABLOIDS.

"Air tabloids" are being advertised here. "Carry your oxygen supply about with you in your waistcoat pocket," runs the announcement, "and have fresh air always with you, whether you be in a submarine, Morse boat or in a Santos-Dumont airship." Sensational hyperbole being reduced to sober fact, it is found, as your readers will have guessed, that the so-called air tabloids are a practical application of the properties recently discovered in sodium peroxide and potassium superoxide when compressed under certain conditions. The substance will also simultaneously absorb the carbonic acid gas thrown out by the lungs. Thus the tabloids, as advertised, are employed in submarine boats at all events, though where their usefulness would come in during balloon journeys at high altitudes is not exactly clear. The London Telegraph's Paris tele-

ACCIDENTS IN SUMMER.

While it is a platitude to repeat that to be forewarned is to be forearmed, it is an advice the public accepts very slowly. During these summer months especially, when the general vitality is lowest, it is particularly important for everyone to know in case of accident what to do and how to do it. At this season, for example, cases of heat prostration are common, while practically all accidents are likely to be more difficult to handle, requiring more immediate attention.

The man—we all know him—who pushes his way through the crowd and forces his ill-advised attentions upon the injured as a rule helps to entertain the bystanders, but his efforts are likely to be worse than useless for the patient. In the case of persons suffering from shock, the unfortunate should at once be placed in a recumbent position and his clothing loosened. He should have plenty of fresh air. A small dose of whiskey may be administered and repeated at intervals. Above all, such a person should not be annoyed or frightened. Nothing aside from the injury itself is so bad as the confusion of a crowd.

The man who rushes forward, chafes the injured one's hands and pushes around with directions is never a qualified physician and always does more harm than good. It is a fortunate thing in large cities that the prompt arrival of the ambulance surgeon quickly puts a stop to this nonsensical interference. The crowd which so quickly collects around an injured man on the streets is also another serious menace to the patient, for it soon shuts out the air and adds to the terror and depression of his helpless condition.

It is well to remember that no wounds can be harmed by careful washing. Cleanliness is of the highest importance. Any particles which adhere to a wound should be carefully removed. After a wound has been cleaned as much as possible and bleeding arrested, the raw surface should be carefully covered with some light and absolutely clean material.

It is about all the ordinary helper had better attempt. The best thing then is to wait for the doctor. The chances are that the patient will do well enough until the medical man arrives.

One hears plenty of advice as to the best course to pursue in case of fractures, and many people mistakenly suppose themselves entirely fitted to bind up a broken leg or arm. It is much better to leave the injured limb alone and in as easy a position as possible until the doctor arrives. When such accidents happen, moreover, it is likely to be very difficult to lay one's hand on the necessary appliances. The common-sense plan is to keep the broken limb in its natural longitudinal axis.

This should be done with the utmost care, since the injured part is extremely painful. The limb should be kept in this position to prevent it from bending abruptly on itself or becoming distorted. It is torture to the patient for the limb to turn on itself and to have the rough ends of the bone tear into the soft flesh. The splinter the limb can be kept until the doctor arrives the better. A good plan is to place pillows or other soft material for any support on either side of it. On the battlefield a gun is sometimes used for the purpose and the leg or arm bound to it. An umbrella or an ordinary padded stick will answer the purpose in an emergency. When the patient feels easy the fracture is in a good position and will do very well, as a rule, until the doctor arrives. Many serious mistakes are made in the first treatment of burns by amateurs. Naturally, the first thing to do is to put the fire out; but there is a right and a

wrong way to go about even this obvious service. If a person's clothing catches fire he should be instantly and snugly rolled in some heavy woollen material until the flames are out. It is important that the fabric should be woollen. Anything like muslin is likely in turn to catch fire itself and greatly complicate matters. A piece of carpet, a rug, a coat or flannel blanket is as good as anything for the purpose.

Special care should be taken that the fire has no chance to catch underneath the material which is thrown over the flames. This means that the fire must be effectively smothered from the start. To treat the burn, cover it lightly with some soft material—cotton gauze or the like—thus keeping the injured surface from contact with the air. No other local treatment should be undertaken, as the application of washes and salves is apt to do both the physician afterward. The pain of superficial burns is often instantly relieved by the application of a solution of ordinary baking soda in the proportion of a tablespoonful of the soda to a tumblerful of water.

Many deaths have occurred from choking which could have been prevented by a little common sense. The old-fashioned method of treating a choking baby by turning it upside down and slapping it vigorously on the back can scarcely be improved upon. Where food or other foreign object becomes lodged in the throat the main thing is to act quickly. Patting on the back forces the air out of the lungs and ejects the obstructing body with considerable force. Gravitation also helps to dislodge the obstruction. It is then comparatively easy to clear the mouth by the deft introduction of the finger. Obviously, in such maneuvers no time is to be lost.

Attacks of suffocation in the shape of spasmodic croup, alarming as they appear to be, are seldom, if ever, dangerous. It is a comfort to know that real croup, attended with serious membranous obstruction of the windpipe, always takes time to develop itself, and is associated with diphtheritic symptoms. The false croup is explosive in its suddenness and as quickly subsides. The attacks are almost invariably at night, and, naturally, cause great anxiety to the family. Ordinarily, all that is necessary is to immerse the patient in a warm bath and administer a mild emetic. In cases of infantile convulsion, the warm bath is also indicated, followed by an ice bag to the crown of the head. Such methods of treatment, simple in their way, gain time for the patients until the doctor arrives.

POLITENESS IN MEXICO.

Gentlemen in Mexico do some things which would look rather queer here. For example, they tip hats whenever they see each other; they shake hands whenever they meet and part; they do not consider it bad form to stand in line on the sidewalks and stare at the ladies they wear their hats in a theatre until the curtain rises, and, moreover, they put them on between the acts and stand up to look at the audience, and after a separation they embrace and pat each other on the back if they happen to be intimate friends.

They never chew tobacco, but smoke everywhere, even in some theatres. They never carry handies in the street, but each is attended by a servant, who carries even the smallest package. They are wonderfully courteous to each other, and two friends will spend a good deal of time in deciding which shall enter a room or carriage first.



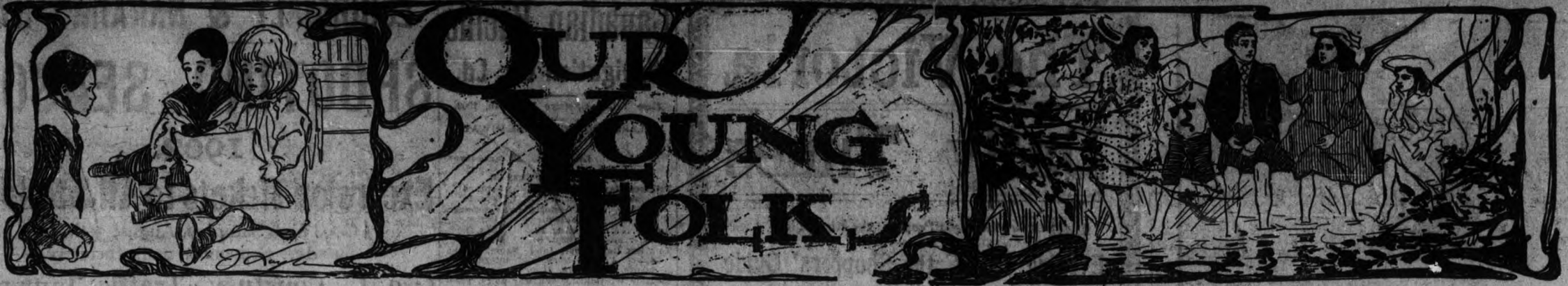
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THE CASTING OUT OF MIDGET.

BY SOPHIE SOFIO.

It was but a bit of a puppy, and a very black one at that, that lay shivering in his new mistress' arms; yet despite his size he was already sowing discord and dissension in the family ranks. "Call him Jeffries or Fitzsimmons; I'll bet he'll be a corker in a scrap." This from the small boy whose tastes ran to things pugilistic.

"Might better call him Ink, or Egypt; he's black enough."

Midget! mimicking his sister in withering tones. While conceding that Midget was a perfectly suitable name for the present, her dotting relatives argued that in such matters it were well to have a bit of foresight; something more heroic, Nero, for instance. But the small rock of determination clung to her choice, and, the family meekly acquiescing, Midget became properly installed as a member

of the South, but seemingly Midget had inherited none of their vaunted savagery. His good nature was absolute; a cuff or a kind word was received alike with a pleased squirming from the end of his nose to the tip of his tail. As this made him a safe companion he was in high favor, and as 10 months he had reached the zenith of his popularity. From then dated his painful but steady decline from grace.

until something apparently ruffled Midget's usual placidity. Investigation disclosed a small but stubborn quill feather wedged tightly between his teeth; so he was brought to justice, and howls as of battle, murder and sudden death rent the air. His punishment over, he lay on the grass, his canine heart heavy with anguish, whimpering for his beloved mistress to comfort him.

For a week he trod the straight and narrow path, and the family began to smile upon him again; he had succeeded in placating his enemies among the domestics, barring one. Mary, the cook, had been—and was ever his relentless foe. Did he but show his black nose around her domain out she sallied upon

the mischief was discovered, and that settled matters for Midget; the decree of banishment was pronounced, and against it neither tears nor prayers could prevail. John and Tim, coachman and stableman, respectively, were deputed to carry out the sentence. The master said: "Give him away, drown him, shoot him; I don't care what you do. Only get rid of that fool dog before I come home."

Two men, dragging a reluctant dog between them, crept stealthily down the shady lane that led to the river. A boat was drawn up on the beach; into it they coaxed their prisoner, and pulled off. About 20 yards lay between them and the shore when down the lane there came a rushing of feet and a swishing of small skirts, as the child rushed to the water's edge.

"Where are you going with my dog?" she screamed. "Come back this minute. Here, Midget, Midget!" The dog yelped and struggled, but strong hands held him by the collar. She stamped in impotent rage, and, as the laughter of the men came to her, picked up a stone and sent it skimming after the fast receding boat. Another and another followed, and then a dreadful word came from her mouth—a word that in all her short life she never had uttered.



MARY HUGGED HER SKIRTS CLOSE.

Elizabeth Anna, embracing the puppy almost to suffocation in the excess of her affection, had taken no part in the discussion, but now she announced in a manner not to be disputed that his name should be Midget.

"Midget!" jeered her brother. "Midget! Nice name for that dog. Why, I tell you he's going to be a monster. Look at his paws—Pooh! that's just like a girl."

Complaints began to come in from the gardeners that certain choice plants had been found ruthlessly torn up, while all the soft earth bore the unmistakable imprint of a convicting paw. Next the stable man was heard from. The young chickens, "prime for broiling," were disappearing at an alarming rate. Suspicion first directed itself to a family of shiftless negroes that lived near by,

him, broom in hand. "Midget yez are, is it? Well, it's an elephant yes—is it out o' this!" and Midget, escaping to a safe distance, would laugh at her, dog fashion. But it was through her, his Nemesis, that he again fell into the thorns and brambles of iniquity. About this time there came upon the land a plague of tramps. The family had congratulated itself that Midget, on account of his ferocious size, would be a great protection against their encroachment, and so make up in a measure for his depredations; yet Mary declared that she was more besieged than ever, and stoutly blamed Midget.

"But how can that be, Mary?"

only would be good!" The clanking of the chain lengths was all that broke the stillness of the big carriage house. Outside he could hear the voices of men, the neigh of a horse, the clucking of chickens. There was a scratching, and Tom, the big barn cat, stole softly across the floor and sat down at a safe distance, insolently washing his paws. Oh, if he could but get at him! Midget tore at his fastenings in vain. He gave one long howl, but it brought no relief; he tried again, and the door flew open, the stableman put in his head and roughly told him to "Shut up!" The dog looked around dejectedly; plainly the situation was desperate. If only he had something to do on perhaps he could forget his troubles. He poked his nose under the sheet that covered the sleigh, and what he saw apparently satisfied him, for he leaped up and, with a deep drawn sigh, curled up in the bottom. But something was still lacking to complete his comfort; never in his life had he gone to sleep without a bone to gnaw on. Deprived of that, he set to work with his sharp white teeth on the polished side panel of the cutter. Of course,

ed. Frightened at herself, she turned and ran—ran until she came to great dim woods; then sank down, and, burying her head in the soft moss, sobbed her grief out. Breakfast was served and the family were assembled. A strange peace seemed to have descended upon the place, ceased of its black burden. Elizabeth Ann had not mentioned him, the memory of that awful word sealed her lips. Down in the laundry Mary could be heard singing as she picked up her basket of clothes and started for the drying ground. Each in his way was giving thanks that the troubled household was at peace with the world once more. Suddenly a shriek rent the air, followed by others more shrill, more piercing. Napkins were flung down, chairs pushed back and the family as one man rushed to the window.

and the servants in a body have given warning.

GREAT DIAMOND FOUND.

In one of the mines near Kimberly a diamond of 400 karats was found a few weeks ago. It is a pale yellow color, and its form is that of an octahedron. Owing to its great size the news of its discovery has caused much excitement, and the owner did not feel quite easy until he had placed it in a safe in one of the local banks.

The exact value of the diamond is not yet known, but 50 per cent. of it must be paid to the government, and experts say that this sum alone represents a considerable fortune.

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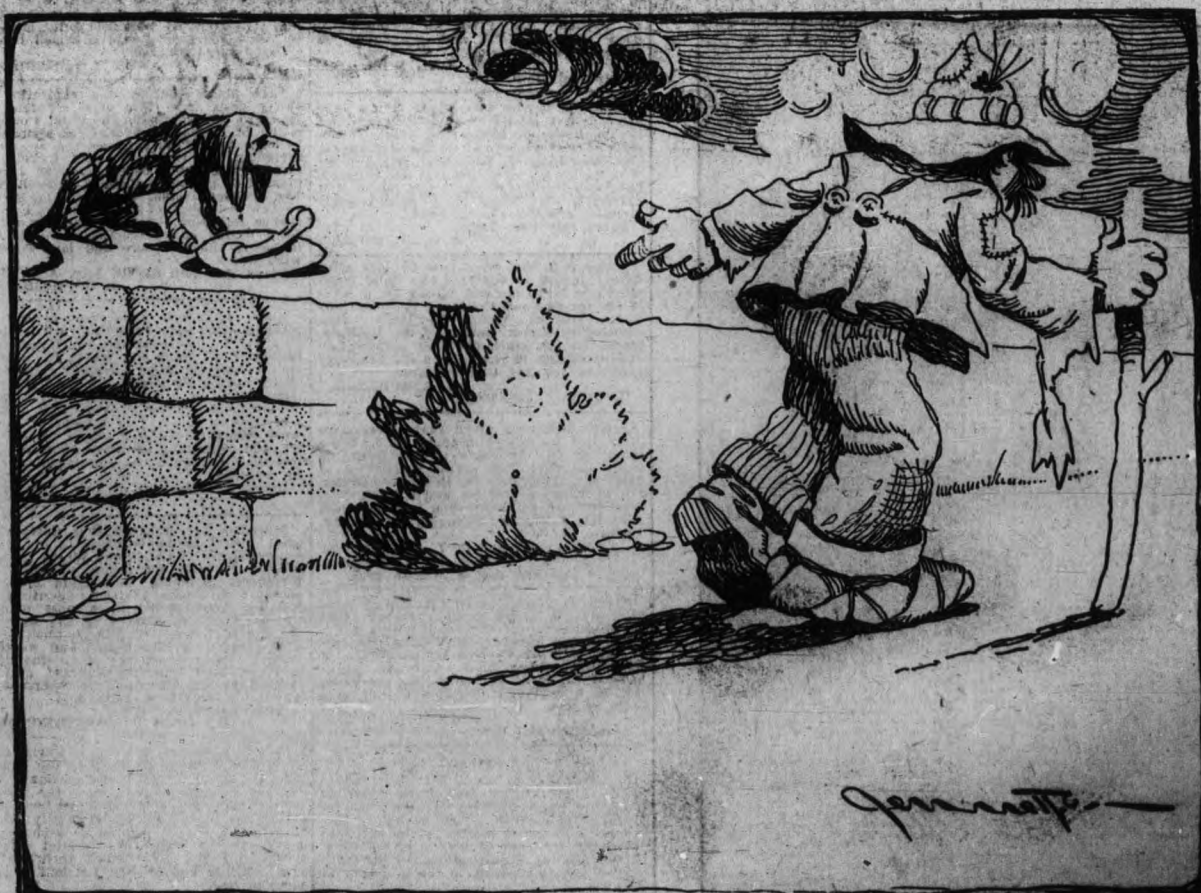
"THOUGHT IT MEANT DEATH."

"THOUGHT IT MEANT DEATH."

A CARELESS ARTIST PICTURE PUZZLE.



THE ARTIST HAS PURPOSELY MADE A MISTAKE IN THIS PICTURE. CAN OUR LITTLE READERS TELL WHAT IT IS?



A TRAMP LIMPED UP THE ROAD.

